Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. XLII.--NO. 148. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,693

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 15 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Bradstreets report the business situation generally favorable; but in the South impaired cotton crop prospects check trade and collections. —— Senator Gray, of Delaware, appointed a member of the peace commission; the American commissioners will sail for Paris about the 15th inst. —— Secretary of War Alger and Gen. Shafter were at Camp Meade yesterday and had a long conference; Alger is touring the camps and hospitals. —— The censor at Madrid forbids publication of Gen. Polavieja's manifesto or its transmission by telegraph. —— An unsuccessful attempt to assassinate the young queen of Holland is reported to have been made just prior to her enthronement. —— New York markets: Money on call was firm at 2½@4 per cent., last loan being at 3 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling uplands 5 13-16c; flour quiet but firmly held; wheat—spot strong, No 2 red 70½@70½c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 36½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm at 31@31½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 9.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 66 deg.; 8 P.M. 74 deg.; maximum, 78 deg.; minimum, 64 deg.; mean, 71 deg.

Rainfall for the day, T. rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .26.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Moderate showers occurred in the Carolinas, Georgia and Eastern Alabama, with decidedly colder weather in the same districts. Partly cloudy weather prevails, with rain in Western Georgia. Newbern, N. C., reports a rainfall of 2.00 inches.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The extensive area of high pressure, central over the Dakotas, covers the entire Northwest and Lake regions, with generally lower temperature reported under it. The temperature changes elsewhere have been slight. The pressure is lowest in the West Gulf, where a storm is apparently developing. High northeast winds continue at Port Eads, La., and with heavy rainfall since morning. Cloudy weather prevails generally in the Southeast and to the west of the Mississippi valley, with continued rain along the middle Gulf coast, and in the Missouri valley. It is clear to the north of Tennessee and North Carolina. Moderate showers are reported during the past twelve hours in the East Rocky Mountain slopes, the middle Gulf States, and light scattered showers in the Southeast and the upper Lake section.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 13.2 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Threatening weather; east to northeast winds.

Port Almanac--Sept. 10.

Sun Rises	5.38 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.15 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 37 M.
High Water at Southport	3.46 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	6.16 P. M.

They had a hot time in the old town of New York this week. There were ninety-one deaths from heat in one day.

The latest legend about balloonist Andree comes from Arctic Indians, who tell about a man who came among them from the clouds.

If England should become too crowded for comfort some of the nobility could move over to this country where they own more than 20,000,000 acres, chiefly in the West and Southwest.

Berte Geirt, of Pottstown, Pa., was so tickled over a joke that he laughed his jaw out of joint. By the time the doctors got his jaw prized back he didn't see much fun in the joke.

Governor Black, of New York, whom some of the Republicans wanted to side-track for Roosevelt, frankly says he wants a renomination. He doesn't propose to let Roosevelt "rough ride" over him.

A Northern contemporary remarks that "Secretary Alger is a philosopher. He regards the criticisms of the War Department as beneficial." Maybe he does; but they make him hopping mad, all the same.

Chaplain McIntyre, of the Oregon, will be court-martialled unless he sends in his resignation. It is distinctly understood that while chaplains may whack the devil as much as they choose they must not make a pass at the gentlemen who do the bossing in the navy.

It is said that Mark Hanna laughs at and reads to his friends the cutting squibs the boys write about him. If a rhinoceros could he would probably laugh at the fellow who would try to puncture his hide with peppermint drops. Mark belongs to the rhinoceros family.

Dr. Swallow, the Prohibition candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania has found a rose-propagating house, the actual cost of which could not have exceeded $700, for which the State has been charged $8,720.01, from which we infer that Republican roses come high.

The rough riders held their own and some more at Santiago, but one of them, somewhat under the influence of booze, came to grief in New York the other day. He came into collision with a policeman's club and had to be sent to the hospital for repairs.

Some crank or malicious person in Chicago, who wants to wear the life out of the President's secretaries, clerks, etc., has started an endless chain of letters to the President, urging him to hold on to the Philippines.

Senator Hanna rises to remark that "we are at the beginning of the greatest era of prosperity the world has ever seen." Mark began running his predicting mill that way in 1896, and he keeps it up.

Politics are getting hot in Colorado. In a row between the Teller and Wolcott factions of Free Silver Republicans at Colorado Springs, the other day, pistols popped lively and one man was killed.

A good many of the rural denizens of Spain have not yet learned that there was a war with this country. They therefore feel perfectly easy about Spain's "honor."

There wasn't enough of the Populist party left at the late election in Arkansas to furnish pall-bearers for the candidate corpses.

A reputed New York millionaire died recently, and his estate panned out $16,000. But it is all the same to him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. G. Wright & Son.—For rent.
S. W. Sanders—Kalamazoo celery.
Opera House—Vaught Comedy Co.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Hattie Mahn returned home yesterday.

— Mr. Harlee Bellamy left yesterday for Chapel Hill1.

— Mr. Walter Boesch returned home from Raleigh yesterday.

— Sergeant Heizman, of Battery I, Fort Caswell, was here yesterda'.

— Mr. Willie Hilton, of Philadelphia, returned home last night, after a visit to his uncle, Mr. Wm. Struthers.

— Miss Lily Bell, of Vicksburg, Miss., who has been visiting her friend, Miss Hetty Struthers, has returned home.

— Rev. J. D. Robertson, of Rock Hill, S. C., will preach at the First Baptist Church to-morrow morning and night.

— Mr. George R. French has gone to Poland Springs, Maine, to spend awhile.

— Mrs. H. K. Nash and children returned home yesterday after a visit to relatives at Tarboro.

— Mr. W. J. Penny and wife returned yesterday, after spending several weeks in Northern cities.

— Miss Louise Bensyll, of Southport, who has been visiting friends here, returned home yesterday.

— Mr. Alex Newton, of Teachey, was in the city yesterday return ng home after a three weeks stay at Belleville, Ga.

— T. A. McNeill, Esq., of Lumberton, candidate for election as judge of the Seventh Judicial district, was here yesterday.

— Miss Morris returned yesterday from Scott's Hill where she has been the guest of Miss Julia Kennady. Miss Kennady accompanied her and will spend some time in Wilmington.

— Miss Annie Hamme, of this city, is in Oxford preparing to give a concert there. The Oxford correspondent of the *News and Observer* says Miss Hamme ranks among the first musicians in the State.

— Miss Eliza N. Williams, of Panther Creek, Yadkin county, spent last night at The Orton and leaves this morning for Whiteville, where she has accepted a position as primary teacher in the Whiteville schools.

— George B. Elliott, Esq., of Richmond, is in the city for a few days. Mr. Elliott is a former citizen of this city and is a son of Mr. Warren G. Elliott of the A. C. L. He has a host of friends in Wilmington who gladly welcome him.

— Rev. G. L. Leyburn, D. D., of Newbern, and Rev. Jno. Stanley Thomas, of Burgaw, were registered at The Orton yesterday. They have just closed quite a successful meeting with the congregation at Pike Presbyterian Church in Pender county.

First Precinct, Fourth Ward.

The White Government Union of the first division of the Fifth Ward held its weekly meeting last night. The nominations made at the County Convention were unanimously endorsed. Resolutions of great importance to white men were passed.

DR. BLACKWELL WILL ACCEPT

Resigned His Present Work to Take Wilmington Pastorate When Officially Notified of the Call.

It can be announced authoritatively that Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., will assume the pastorate of the First Baptist Church, of this city, October 1st.

The formal acceptance of the call recently extended to him by the church has not been received here, neither in fact had Dr. Blackwell, up to yesterday morning, received the official notice of the call from Church Clerk Frank L. Huggins. However he had been notified of the call by private telegram by several of his friends among the Baptist congregation, and yesterday forenoon Mr. C. S. Lathrop received the following telegram from Dr. Blackwell:

"I have resigned to accept when official letter reaches me.
"CALVIN S. BLACKWELL."

This means that Dr. Blackwell, having received private telegraphic notice of his call to the pastorate of the church here, has forwarded his resignation as corresponding secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the Southern Baptist Convention, so that there may be nothing to prevent his prompt acceptance of the call and entrance upon the duties of the pastorate at the time specified by the church, October 1st. The congregation here is elated over their good fortune in securing this able and eloquent minister as their pastor. He is reputed, and rightly, too, to be one among the most eloquent preachers in the Southern Baptist Convention. And withal he is one of the most thoroughly up in matters of church organization and work. It is confidently expected that under his leadership the work of the Baptist congregation will be materially quickened.

Dr. Blackwell is now in Texas, where he has been pushing the B. Y. P. U. work since he was here and so ably filled the First Baptist pulpit a few Sabbaths ago. The STAR has it from one of the Doctor's closest friends in Wilmington that he will bring his family to this city within the next month. He has a wife and two sons. Only the youngest (about 17 years old) will reside with him here. The other one is a medical student at the University of Virginia.

SAILOR BADLY INJURED.

Fell from a Mast a Distance of Forty or Fifty Feet.

James Willard, a seaman on the schooner *C. C. Lister*, which is now loading lumber at the Cape Fear Lumber Company's mill, fell from a mast yesterday morning and was severely injured. He was scraping one of the masts when the rope which was supporting his seat broke. The sailor fell a distance of forty or fifty feet. Fortunately there was an awning spread over the deck and this broke the force of the fall. The injured man was taken to the Marine Hospital and placed under the care of Dr. Wertenbaker, who ascertained the main injury to be a fracture of the right leg below the knee and a slight gash over the left eye. There may be internal injuries also, though Dr. Wertenbaker is not sure about this. Willard is a native of Nova Scotia and is forty-four years of age.

DIED FROM CONGESTIVE CHILL.

The Little Daughter of Captain and Mrs. J. O. Wiggs Yesterday Afternoon.

Capt. J. O. Wiggs and family have the sincere sympathy of their many friends in the loss of his little daughter Lena Matthis Wiggs, who died yesterday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock from a congestive chill. Her death was comparatively sudden as she was not taken sick until Wednesday morning.

The little girl was just a few months over eleven years of age, having been born on August 16, 1887. She had many good traits which even at her early age had won for her many friends. She was a member of the Sunday School of Brooklyn Baptist Church and was always regular in attendance and interested in the work. The funeral announcement will be made later.

The City Hospital Pharmacy.

In the article in yesterday's STAR regarding the improvements at the City Hospital it should have been stated that Capt. Boatwright estimates that a $300 stock of drugs would be necessary to establish the city and county pharmacy in connection with that institution. Under the present system of having the hospital and superintendent of health prescriptions filled at the various drug stores in the city, the county spends about $145 per month and the city probably as much or more. Capt. Boatwright, as stated yesterday, is sure that the pharmacy would pay for itself within six months and would prove a great saving to the tax-payers.

"Advertise in the Star."

This is what Messrs. J. G. Wright & Son say. In last Sunday's issue of the STAR they advertised for the first time a list of houses for rent from October 1st, twenty-three in number. To-day they have rented seventeen of this number, and repeat their "ad" with the addition of nine more houses. Call on them and get particulars.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

RACERS WERE DISSATISFIED.

Races For Yesterday Were Called Off—Only Club Members Can Compete For Medals.

The races which were to have been run on Wrightsville beach yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Carolina Cycle Club did not materialize. Mr. Mat P. Taylor, Jr., as manager of the races, and a number of racers went down to the beach on the 2.30 P. M. train fully expecting that the races would be run, as the weather appeared throughly favorable. However, they found high tides and by the time these had receded sufficiently to admit of the races it was almost time for the 6 o'clock train to leave for the city, and Mr. Taylor declined to allow them to be run.

The affair led to some unpleasantness between some of the racers and the manager, as a result of which notice is given by authority of the secretary of the club that in future none but members of the Carolina Cycle Club will be allowed to enter the races to compete for the champion ship medals. Several who were not members were entered for the races yesterday. Those of the C. C. C. who compete hereafter must be in good standing, according to the orders issued last evening. Several of the riders who were entered for the race yesterday contend that the reason the races were not allowed to be run yesterday was because the club medals were sure to have been won by riders outside the C. C. Club. No new date is announced for the championship races.

COMPLIMENTARY PRESS NOTICES.

Lynchburg News on the Charles Vaught Co.—Opens Here With Buckeye.

The press, wherever the Charles Vaught Company filled an engagement last year was lavish in compliments and pronounced their performances thoroughly pleasing. The Lynchburg, (Va.,) *News* of January 15th, says:

"A larger, finer or more appreciative audience never assembled in the opera house than the one that greeted the Chas. C. Vaught Company last night. The company won the admiration of our people from the start. The play "La Belle Marie" was strongly seasoned with the French idea of retribution for a wrong committed, and was full of pathetic as well as humorous situations, which were alternated so smoothly and were spiced with such pleasing comedy, that it carried the feelings of the large audience with a sweep. Miss Tucker is a vivacious, charming and captivating actress. Her emotional parts came to her with naturalness, and in love and sorcery she is irresistible in their portrayal. She won admiration from the start. Her support is admirable. It is one of the best repertoire companies that has visited Lynchburg and our people are fortunate in having such bright and clever acting. The specialties between acts are of the best order and talent."

The "Buckeye" will be the company's opening play here Monday night. Aside from the play there will be a number of high class vaudeville acts by artists engaged expressly for this line of work. The performance will be continuous. Ladies are to be admitted free Monday night.

Tickets are on sale to-day at Gerken's.

A BICYCLE STOLEN.

A Man Hired a Wheel and Never Came Back.

The bicycle operator has been getting in some of his work again. Henry Springer, a white man who has been here for about two weeks, is the man upon whom the suspicion rests. Thursday afternoon he went to the Carolina Bicycle Company, on Market street between Water and Front, and rented a wheel of Mr. R. J. Sellers for use from 4.45 to 5.45 P. M.

Mr. Sellers was on the street looking for Springer before the end of half the time for which the wheel was rented. From the haste with which Springer left the shop Mr. Sellers was led to think that something was up. He searched all over town and found out that other people had also lost by the man who got the wheel. He had "jumped" his board, although he had been paid up on Thursday morning by Mr. S. L. Smith with whom he worked.

Yesterday Mr. Sellers went up to Burgaw to look for Springer, but failed to hear anything of him. The wheel is of the "Clipper" make with green frame and up curved bars.

Were Happily Married.

Miss Minna Dock and Mr. Louis H. Keen returned yesterday from Weldon, where they went to attend the marriage of Miss Maggie Cutts, formerly of this city, to Mr. J. V. Stephenson, of Halifax. The wedding was happily celebrated Thursday night, the service having been performed by Rev. J. E. Chambers. Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson are at home in Weldon.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

Beginning with to-day and continuing until the quarantine is lifted, all passengers ticketed through Memphis, Tenn., will need health certificates on account of reported fever cases there.
T. J. ANDERSON,
G. P. A. Seaboard Air Line.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Several families moved up from Carolina Beach yesterday.

— The receipts of rosin on the market yesterday were unusually heavy, amounting to 1,414 barrels.

— The STAR is authorized to pay 25 cents each for 50 copies of the Wilmington *Daily Record* of Thursday, August 18th.

— Spirits turpentine went up again yesterday and was quoted at close of market at 28½ cents per gallon for machines.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— George Davis, a colored boy, convicted of disorderly conduct in the Mayor's Court recently, was put in the city lock-up yesterday in default of the costs in the case.

— The communication from Pender county signed "Democrat" must be declined under our rules. We charge for all communications recommending candidates for office.

— The county finance committee, composed of Col. Roger Moore, Capt. Boatwright and Capt. Cowan, met last night and examined and approved the report of County Treasurer Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., for the month of August.

— The British steamship *Hawkhurst*, Captain Watson, which was the first vessel to take out a cargo of cotton last season, arrived in port yesterday and took a berth at the Champion Compress. She has the same jolly captain as last year.

— The receipts of cotton as yet are far smaller than during the corresponding time of last year. The crop is later, and the bad weather has interfered with harvesting. Receipts yesterday 233 bales, against 1,146 bales same day last year.

— Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, after a week's sickness, is out again and expects to preach in Fifth Street Methodist Church to-morrow morning. Rev. R. C. Beaman will preach at 8 o'clock P. M. Mr. Cunninggim desires earnestly that there shall be a good attendance of the members at both services.

— From all quarters of the State comes the gratifying news that White Government Unions are being organized. The righteous indignation of an outraged people is sweeping over the State, and the white men are rushing to the rescue of their imperilled liberties. Russellism, Butlerism and Negroism are doomed.

— The British schooner *Bianca* was cleared yesterday by Jas. T. Riley & Co. for St. Croix, one of the Danish West Indies, with a cargo of lumber from the Chadbourn Lumber Company. Captain Lambert and his wife made many friends here, who regret to see them leave. Mrs. Lambert went by rail to Brooklyn, N. Y.

RECEPTION AND TROLLEY PARTY.

Miss Johnson Entertained a Large Company of Friends Last Night.

Miss Johnson delightfully entertained a large company of her friends at the home of her parents, Major and Mrs. William A. Johnson, 716 Market street, last night. The occasion was a reception and trolley party, the guests having gathered at the home and a little later boarded two cars chartered for the purpose and made a circuit of the street railway system. Exquisite music was dispensed the while by a string band. Soon after 11 o'clock the party re-assembled at the Johnson home and some time was spent in merry social intercourse. There were delicious refreshments, admirably served. There were more than a half hundred guests and all are enthusiastic in extolling the occasion as one of the most thoroughly enjoyable that has occurred in Wilmington social circles in many a day.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—2 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 37 barrels rosin, 8 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—160 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 152 barrels rosin, 30 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

Carolina Central Railroad—68 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 38 barrels rosin.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—8 barrels spirits turpentine, 158 barrels rosin, 26 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—2 bales cotton, 23 casks spirits turpentine, 16 barrels crude turpentine, 26 barrels tar.

Steamer A. P Hurt—1 bale cotton, 3 barrels spirits turpentine, 327 barrels rosin, 28 barrels rosin, 7 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Creosus—100 barrels rosin.

Royal's Raft—602 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 233 bales; spirits turpentine, 59 casks; rosin, 1414 barrels; tar, 92 barrels; crude turpentine, 38 barrels.

Charged With Fighting.

Joe Robertson, colored, will be tried to-day before Mayor Wright on the charge of being implicated in a fight back of the new market Thursday evening. Messrs. John Mitchell and Mike Dowling were arraigned to answer a similar charge but they presented certificates from Justice G. W. Bornemann showihg that they had submitted before him and that judgment had been suspended on the payment of costs. Robertson's case was postponed on account of the absence of witnesses for the defence.

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th. All space for exhibits free.
FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

THE POP CONVENTION

Sheriff Jenkins of Chatham Nominated for Congress in the Fourth District.

OTHER NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

A Penitentiary Convict Whipped to Death. The Murderer Allowed to Escape—A Warrant Has Since Been Issued for His Arrest.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 9.

The Populist convention of the Fourth Congressional District did not complete its labors until 3 o'clock this morning when Sheriff J. J. Jenkins, of Chatham was nominated on the eighteenth ballot. This is the first time in North Carolina for years that a county has furnished two consecutive congressional caddidates. Collectors Milliken and Duncan were on the scene from the start and worked actively in the convention. Stroud got 92 votes on the first ballot and 108 were necessary, but he was finally snowed under by Democrats work. Duncan was for Jenkins while Milliken preferred Tomlinson or English; both of Randolph. The convention came near being stampeded to English at one time. Gov. Russell was deeply interested in the convention and received returns regularly. Garrett was the real choice of the officeholders, but he stood no show. Jenkins' nomination was finally secured by Garrett throwing Vance county to him.

A special from Washington states that Lieut. A. D. Cowles will be appointed Major in the First regiment when the Second is mustered out. Five officers in the First will soon resign.

The War Department announces that both the First and Third North Carolina regiments cannot remain in the service; one or the other must go, and the department has left this to the Governor. It remains to be seen whether he will keep Jim Young's regiment or the First in the service. One or the other will be mustered out by October 10th.

The following are officers of the Woman's Home Mission Society, three vacancies having been filled by the Executive Committee yesterday: President, Mrs. F. A. Woodard, of Wilson; First Vice President, Miss N. Hutchings, of Raleigh; Second Vice President, Mrs. B. F. Duke, of Durham; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. M. J. Simpson, of Newbern; Treasurer, Mrs. S. H. Scott, of Newbern; Recording Secretary, Mrs. W. S. Black, of Littleton.

The Populist Judicial Convention endorsed Oliver Dockery, Jr., for solicitor.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

A convict named Lowe, on the Northampton farm, whipped by an employe four times in one day, died five days later. The employe was dismissed. Rusell has now had a warrant issued for the employe who is in unknown parts.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice September 9th, 1898.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Fannie Bass, Kate Brice, Lidey Beallings, Sallie Bitnis T J Croswell, G E Fields, Nancy Green, Rosa A Green, Annie Hinikens, Susan Jones, Bessie Williams (2), Fannie Lain, Susanah McBryde, Bettie Meigrett, A L Meal, Rachel Michell, Annie Press Powers, Moley Sellars, Mary Sellars, Ethel Taylor (3).

MEN'S LIST.

Agent Klondike Bicycle, Ed. S. Buck, Hardy Bethea, John A. Bennett, Stephen Brock, Fredd Cobb, Perry Calwell, Walter Carr, W T Culberson, S E Griffin, Johnnie Hamilton, Chas W King, J B Lanier, Wm Murry, J S Penny, Chas Rogers, J D Robbins, Wm Reed, A J Shepard, Robt Scott, John Taylor, Kelly & Mitchel Lumber Co.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Margie Collins, Wm. Farsin.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead lettter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN,
Postmaster.

NORMENT COMES DOWN.

He Will Try for the Legislature in Robeson County.

[*Charlotte Observer.*]

LUMBERTON, September 8.—The Populist county convention met here today and nominated S. A. Edmund for clerk of the court; J. D. James, for register of deeds; W. K. Culbreth, for treasurer; Atlas Atkinson, for the Legislature; Nathan Andrews, for county commissioner. They also endorsed in convention the nominations made to-day by the Republican executive committee, of Dr. R. M. Norment, for the Legislature, and E. L. McCormac and Seth Smith, for county commissioners, and J. W. Hall, for sheriff.

The Populists at the convention, were very few and were mainly office-seekers.

It is stated that the Republican committee named their part of the ticket rather than risk the demands of the negroes, in a convention.

Dr. Norment, as usual, takes anything the bosses give him, and will now be out of the race for Congress.

The Populists and Republicans are to each have one Senator from this district.

BELLAMY AT PIREWAY.

Made a Strong Speech of Two Hours Length—Large Crowd Present.

[*Whiteville News, 8th.*]

Mr. J. H. Maxwell attended the speaking at Pireway yesterday. There was a large crowd present, and Mr. Bellamy made a very strong speech of two hours' length. The White Government Union for this township has nearly two hundred members, forty-five of whom are Populists, who say they can't stand any more fusion. All the Populists in Williams township but eleven have joined the White Government Union, and it is expected that these will yet come.

THE SECOND REGIMENT.

First Sergeant Cronly of Company K in the City—All the Wilmington Boys Expected Next Week.

Mr. D. T. Cronly, former captain of the Wilmington Light Infantry, and late first sergeant of Company K, Second regiment, arrived in the city yesterday, having received an honorable discharge. He is looking well, and was cordially welcomed on all sides. When asked by a STAR reporter when the rest of the boys would get home, he said he thought by the middle of next week and handed the reporter the following telegram from Corporal Champ McD. Davis:

"BRUNSWICK, GA., Sept. 8.—Leave by Sunday. Necessary preliminaries will consume four or five days. Then Wilmington on thirty days furlough with pay and twenty-five cents per day subsistence, pending mustering out ceremony."

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services in St. John's Church to-morrow, 14th Sunday after Trinity, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 A. M. Sunday School 5 P. M.

The Seamen's Bethel: Regular religious services will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8.00 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. W. Kramer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Weekly Prayer and Praise meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. A. P. Tyer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, Southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. G. D. Langston, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the morning services. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Class meeting 3 o'clock p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Thursday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to these services.

DIED.

WIGGS—In this city yesterday (Friday) afternoon, LENA MATHIS WIGGS, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Wiggs, aged 11 years. Funeral announcement later.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. se 1 tf

Opera House.
ONE WEEK, COMMENCING
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12TH.
Engagement of the
Chas. E. Vaught Comedy Co.,
Supporting
Miss Lilian Tucker.
Monday Night, "The Buckeye."
New and Novel Specialties.
Change of Play and Specialties at Each Performance.
LADIES FREE MONDAY NIGHT.
Prices, 10, 20, 30 cents. se 9 3t

J. G. Wright & Son.
SUNDAY LAST WE ADVERTISED
23 HOUSES FOR RENT.
We have rented 17 of this number since then,
and now offer you 6 of the original list and 9 just taken charge of.
MORAL—Put your property in the hands of good live Real Estate Agents and get your Houses rented.

One house on Surry street, between Church and Castle.
One house on Second and Ann streets.
One house on Ann, between Second and Third.
One house on Ann, between Front and Second.
One house on Fifth, between Chesnut and Mulberry.
One house on Chesnut, between Fourth and Fifth.
One house on Sixth between Chesnut and Mulberry.
One house on Sixth, between Mulberry and Walnut.
Two houses on Walnut, between Fourth and Fifth.
Two houses on corner of Fifth and Walnut
One house on Ninth, between Market and Dock.
One house on Seventh, between Mulberry and Walnut.
One house on Walnut, between Second and Third.
Rents Collected on Lowest Rate of Commission, which is charged on actual rent collected.
J. G. Wright & Son,
se 10 tf Real Estate Agents

Piano Prices.
Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano
When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.
You Can Buy a Lester Piano,
such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $325 cash or $350 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.
Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano
can be bought from $350 upwards.
Cabinet Organs
proportionately low as to price and a large stock.
E. VAN LAER,
402 and 404 North Fourth Street.
je 4 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Announcement.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.
We beg to announce to our friends and customers that we are
DAILY OPENING NEW
Fall and Winter Goods,
such as New Dress Goods and Silks in foreign and domestic makes.
CARPETS AND RUGS
In All Grades.
We invite your inspection to OUR STOCK before you make a selection elsewhere.
IN LACE CURTAINS, WINDOW SHADES, MATTINGS AND TRUNKS WE ARE SHOWING THE STRONGEST LINE EVER OPENED IN OUR CITY.
Call early and make your Selection.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.
Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Paper Patterns. se 3 tf

YOUR OPPORTUNITY
Occupying unsurpassed facilities to pack D. S. MEATS of all kinds, it stands to reason we should have your trade or enquiries, and we shall take pleasure to REPLY PROMPTLY. We carry
Ribs,
Butts,
Bellies,
Lard,
Grain,
Flour,
CIGARS.
If you are looking for the RIGHT PLACE to spend your money, we are the people,
Vollers & Hashagen,
Warehouse A. C. Line trackage, Nutt St. an 28 tf

INK PADS in all Colors and Sizes.
Our Air Cushion Dating Stamp—the latest thing out.
Aluminum Pocket Seals,
The Best Seal Press on the market, weight 11 ounces.
A Font of Rubber Type, Ink Pad and Tweezers for only 35c.
WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS.
15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 240. an 14 tf

S. P. McNAIR,
Wholesale Grocer,
North Water Street.
OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.
Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.
se 1 tf

IS IT —
BANANAS
YOU WANT?
We Have Some Fine Yellow Stock,
15c Dozen.
PALACE BAKERY.
P. S.—Sweet Oranges 25c Dozen.
se 2 tf

KALAMAZOO,
KALAMAZOO, KALAMAZOO
CELERY.
Kalamazoo is where the Beautiful Fancy White Plume Sweet Tender Brittle
CELERY
(the first of the season) is grown, and this
CELERY
is now for sale at the Unlucky Corner.
S. W. SANDERS.
se 6 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 10.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

For Judge of Eastern Criminal Circuit: Dossey Battle, of Edgecombe.

New Hanover County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

Tenth District—W. J. Davis, of Brunswick.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Jos. T. Kerr and Geo. L. Peschau.

Sheriff—Walter G. MacRae.

Treasurer—H. McL. Green.

Clerk Superior Court—Jno. D. Taylor.

Register of Deeds—W. H. Biddle.

Coroner—Dr. W. W. Harriss.

Surveyor—Jos. H. McRee.

Commissioners—Roger Moore, John Barry, W. F. Alexander.

Constable (Wilmington Township)—Wm. Sheehan, Sr.

NOT ENOUGH.

One of the leading Croatans in Robeson county writing to the Lumberton *Robesonian* says it is not enough to elect John D. Bellamy to Congress. Democratic Judges and the Democratic county ticket, but a Legislature must be elected in whose hands the Croatans, as well as other citizens will be safe, and therefore, they must work to elect the right kind of men to the Legislature from that county. He was speaking as a Croatan for Croatans but when he emphasized the importance of electing members to the Legislature who would see that his people were not unfairly dealt with he showed that he appreciated the necessity of looking to the Legislature.

If the Croatans are interested in seeing the right kind of men sent to the Legislature, so is every man who desires the welfare and happinsss of North Carolina. It is not enough that we elect Democratic Congressmen, Democratic Judges and Democratic county officers, for important as all these are—and they are of vast importance—they are of less importance than the right kind of a Legislature.

There is no person in North Carolina however humble, whether he pay much or little toward the support of the State government, who is not interested in the election of the right kind of men to make our laws or to unmake the laws which unscrupulous or stupid men made.

There is no section of the State of North Carolina which is not interested in this, for all sections must profit from good laws and suffer from bad laws. Certain laws may apparently operate more against one section than against another. The West, for instance, does not as keenly feel the effects of the laws which in the East are giving the negroes such conspicuous position, in the government of cities and counties. The East suffers more at first because it is the first struck, but how long will it be before the blight will be felt in the West, which has heretofore rested in fancied security?

The Legislature makes laws for the whole State, and the character of those laws will be shaped by the character of the men who make them. The Republican party is three-fourths black. The black three-fourths are becoming very assertive and very aggressive, and are beginning to declare their independence of if not their contempt for the white fourth. With the color line drawn by the negroes themselves and welcomed by some of the boldest of them; with conventions demanding the fuller recognition of the negroes and asserting their claims to their full portion of the offices, how long will it be before they will be electing themselves to the Legislature, and how long will it be before they become a dangerous if not a dominating force in that body? Then they can dictate the legislation not only for the East, as they have been doing in the last two Legislatures, but for the whole State, and thus the West and the Centre would feel the effects of negro domination without having negro commissioners sitting in their court houses, negro magistrates dispensing justice, negro school committeemen directing their schools, negro aldermen making ordinances for their towns or negro policemen patrolling their streets. There might not be much or any of this, but they would feel the blight of negro rule all the same.

The laws that regulate traffic and prescribe the duties and the privileges of common carrires, such as the railroads, in as far as they do not conflict with interstate traffic, are passed by the Legislature. This being so, how long would it be until the railroads of the State would be made the special objects of legislation by the colored solons, who would insist that companies have no right to adopt rules and regulations that would exclude a negro from riding anywhere on a train that he saw fit, regardless of his personality or his offensiveness? There is a good deal of that now, but there would be more of it when emboldened by such encouragement.

How long would it be before they would be regulating the hotels, boarding houses, places of public amusement, etc., and legislating to throw their doors open without discrimination of race, or previous or present condition of servitude? This would, of course, lead to a great deal of conflict and unpleasantness from which the West or the Centre could not escape any more than the East, for their people must travel on railroads, and they have their hotels, boarding houses and places of public amusement.

The State Government is supported by taxation on real estate and personal property. The lands and personal property are assessed as to value, and on this valuation the tax is figured. If the East should pay one-third of the gross amount required for State purposes, and her lands and other property depreciated in value until she paid less than one-third other sections would have to pay proportionately more to meet the State expenses, or the treasury would become bankrupt. Therefore it is to the interest of each section to see that no legislation be enacted that will depreciate the property of other sections, and render them less able to bear their full proportion in contributing to the support of the State Government. For this reason the Centre and the West have a pecuniary interest, if they have no other, in desiring good government in the East, government that will have a tendency to develop, make strong and build up, rather than cripple and destroy.

It does not take a moment's reflection to show that immigration will not flow in, nor capital flow to a section where the status is uncertain and no one knows what to look for, where the vicious rule and the better class are ignored. More than this, for this better class, wearying of the struggle, will eventually leave the viciously ruled section and find homes in more congenial quarters, which would be the inevitable result of continued negro rule.

The right kind of a Legislature can save North Carolina from these perils, save the East from becoming a wreck, and this is why the right kind of a Legislature, a white Legislature,—white not only in color but in feeling,—is an imperative necessity.

OLIVER NOT HONEST.

When Office Hunter Dockery spoke at Huntersville, Mecklenburg county, he devoted most of his speech to an appeal to the Populists, and to an effort to deceive them into the belief that he would not betray them if elected to Congress. He told that touching story (although somewhat belated) of how he had promised his dying father never to "go back on silver, the poor man's money." He showed how filially he kept this pledge by acting with the Republican party, and endorsing its declarations for gold up to the time when D. L. Russell knocked him out of the nomination for Governor, and he was tempted to subscribe to free silver by the offer of the Populist nomination for Lieutenant Governor.

Up to the time that he was laid out in the Republican State convention one of the strong points he made against his competitor, Russell, was that he was not sound on gold and was too much tinctured with silver, and then seduced by the prospect of a Lieutenant Governorship, with a nimbleness that a circus tumbler couldn't hold a candle to, he tumbled right over to the silver side. He realizes the position in which he now stands and tries to wriggle out of his change of base thus, as we find him quoted in the Populist organ, *Home Rule*, published at Raleigh.

"I am asked how I can run as a protectionist and a free silver man? How I could be a Populist two years ago and now a Republican? I was not a Populist two years ago, though I did affiliate with that party and help to carry the State for Bryan. This co-operation movement is not fusion. After the victory is won, each party will march back to its own with its organization intact."

This is neither honest, nor a clever attempt at deception. He is not asked "how he can run as a protectionist and a free silver man." He is not running as a protectionist and a free silver man, but as a protectionist and a gold standard man, for he stands squarely on the gold platform adopted by the Republican convention which nominated him, and he tries to dodge when he lugs in protection and leaves out gold.

He says he was not a Populist two years ago, but neither was he a Republican. He seems to be under the impression that the people have forgotten that open letter which he published denouncing the Republican party as the tool of the money power, as the betrayer of the people, declaring that it was an unfit party for any honest man to affiliate with, and therefore he withdrew from it. He was talking for himself when he severed his allegiance to the Republican party. The Republican party has not changed, has not come to him. It is as strong or stronger for gold now than it was when he denounced it, but he has recanted, subscribed to its gold declarations, and is, to use the language of the sponsor who did the recanting for him, as good a Republican as ever.

There is no honesty in this kind of cavorting, and Dockery must either be playing foul with the Republicans who nominated him, or with the Populists for whose votes he is pleading.

FUSION REFORM.

Until the Fusionists got into power they were loud for retrenchment, reform, economy, and all that sort of thing, but their retrenchment has cost the people about $400,000 more than the Democratic "extravagance" which they denounced cost in the same period of time.

Instead of reducing taxes they have increased them, and have resorted to a system of deception to prevent the people from discovering that their taxes have been increased. This was by increasing, through boards of equalization, the valuation of property, thus making the tax greater while the tax rates remained as they were.

Their professed zeal for economy did not extend to reducing the number of offices, which, on the contrary, was increased, nor to reducing the salaries of their officers, which remained as they were, if they were not increased.

Places were especially created to fill with dependents of the bosses, or with partisan tools who were thus rewarded for services rendered. In some of the Departments this has been done so scandalously that the chiefs of those Departments have refused to publish the list of their employes, with the date of appointment and duties performed, because they were afraid to let the people see how these Departments were being utilized to give jobs to favorites and to party tools.

They propose to run the business in the same way if they be continued in power. Now that they are in they are illustrating what they meant by the howl for "reform" when they were trying to get in.

MINOR MENTION.

General Lawton seems to be managing the Cuban insurgents pretty well, and is showing sagacity in solving the problem as to them in a quiet, but as far as it goes a quite effective way. The close of the war found these men, officers and privates alike, without employment and very few of them with any visible means of support. Some of the officers may have had something to fall back upon, but most of them did not, and as for the privates they could not tell where they were to get food for the coming day. Under these circumstances it is not surprising that they were unwilling to disband without knowing what they had to expect and under these circumstances Gen. Lawton acted wisely in putting into positions such of the officers as he could find places for, and in agreeing to supply food to such of the privates as lay down their arms and return to the paths of peace. With peace restored, in a country so fertile as Cuba, it will not be long until they are able to take care of themselves, and as they have looked to their officers as leaders they will be governed in their course more or less by the example of the officers. If Gen. Lawton succeeds in winning these and securing their co-operation he will have little trouble with the rank and file, and he seems to have hit on the right plan for that.

Discovered By a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made, and that, too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking the first dose that she slept all night, and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottle free at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. †

BOOK NOTICES.

The Eclectic Magazine for September contains a fine selection of articles from the leading European periodicals, thirty in number, embracing a wide range of topics. Published by E. R. Pelton, 19 East Sixteenth street, New York.

The Atlantic Monthly for September presents a fine list of contents, which the discriminating reader will enjoy. The articles are all of a substantial and instructive character. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., No. 11 East Seventeenth street, New York.

The September *St. Nicholas* is a charming number, superbly illustrated and filled with interesting reading matter. Among the articles is a very interesting one, illustrated, on the Malay Pirates in the Philippines. Published by The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

POINTS POLITICAL.

THREE WHITE TWO BLACK.

The Republican committee appointed by the Republican county convention Saturday to confer with the Populist committee in selecting a county ticket consisted of three white men and two negroes.—*Salisbury Sun.*

A COUPLE EXTRAS.

John Brady, of Gates county, and Howard Browning, of Warren county, are extra fertilizer inspectors appointed by the board of agriculture to get rid of the surplus revenue from the fertilizer tax and to go about and preach fusion politics. Its a nasty, rascally, incompetent gang in control of North Carolina.—*Houston Free Press.*

BACK HOME.

We are glad to hear that the primary of the white man's party in Woodington township Saturday was largely attended. There was a regular love feast. We are told that there were more former Populists taking part than regular Democrats, that the Populists were glad to be back home, and that their brethren who had not left home were glad to see them return, and gave them a hearty and brotherly welcome.—*Kinston Free Press.*

HE DIDN'T PRESS THE BUTTON.

The Republicans in Sampson county held a convention in Clinton last Saturday and nominated a full county and Legislative ticket. The candidates are all white men—the negro did not "press the button" and he got no representation by the Sampson Republicans. The attempt of the Pops to pull the Reps in with them by placing two Republicans on their ticket did not work. —Dunn *Union.*

A HEFTY GRABBER.

The magistrates of Durham county are not going to let any pie pass by. They are electing themselves to all offices in sight. Has any one yet had a report from Col. Hal Watkins, who is chief cook and bottle washer of the county "rock crusher," as to the amount of work he has done, how done, or the sum of money expended? It seems to us the people would like to know. Hal is chairman of the board of magistrates, treasurer to the board and superintendent of the road work—three offices held by one man. Col. Hal is not at all greedy about offices. There ought to be some report from one of his three positions.—*Durham Sun.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Fair Bluff *Times:* The farmers who will handle the money this Fall will be those who cultivated tobacco and not cotton. Such low pricess as they are offered for cotton this year is enough to convince them that there is absolutely nothing in it but hard work and disappointment.

— Dunn *Union:* We hear some of our people talking that the cotton crop will be short in this section this year. A poor crop and the lowest price ever known leaves the farmers, and the merchants also, in a bad condition. A farmer can't pay debts much with four cent cotton.

— Charlotte *News:* Governor Russell has signed a pardon for L. J. Kirk who was sentenced to two years on the chain gang for shooting Mr. Lake, of the Singer Sewing Machine Company's office, in this city.—— A telegram from Blowing Rock to a Charlotte business man Thursday states that snow was falling on the mountains beyond the Rock.

— Clinton *Democrat:* Mrs. L. M. Sanderson died at her home in Lisbon Monday evening. She was a daughter of Mr. K. Vann, of Lisbon, and was about 34 years of age. —— Mr. Chas. J. Patterson died in Somerville, N. J., on Friday, 2d inst. His remains reached here Saturday on the 5 P. M. train and were taken from the station to the cemetery and interred in the presence of a large gathering of relatives and friends.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth:* News comes from Enfield that Mr. Pippin, agent for the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, a few days ago lost his entire tobacco crop. His pack house caught fire and he lost the entire product of twelve acres. ——It is noticeable that chills are more prevalent in the community of the heavy hail in May than anywhere else in this region. All through the community of Tillery chills have been very prevalent. Persons in that section think it comes from the water in the streams and swamps becoming poisoned with the decay of the great mass of leaves that were stripped from the trees by the hail. Some persons say that some days after the hail the water in the streams became so poisonous that the fish died in large quantities and could be seen floating in the streams anywhere.

— Amateur—"What do you think of the artist Albino, who painted a spider web on the ceiling so naturally that a chambermaid spent the whole morning trying to sweep it away." Critic—"There may be such an artist, but I do not believe in the existence of such a chambermaid."—*Fliegende Blatter.*

Who can fail to take advantage of this offer. Send 10 cents to us for a generous trial size or ask your druggist. Ask for Ely's Cream Balm, the most positive catarrh cure. Full sive 50 cents. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

I suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since a boy, and I never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Ostrum, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill.

TWINKLINGS.

— "What a lot of black feathers Penelope wears in her hat." "Yes; she is engaged to an undertaker.—*Chicago News.*

— "De bigges' danger 'bout dis hyah business," soliloquized the nocturnal visitor to the hen coop, "am de man behind de gun."—*Puck.*

— "The English language lacks a lot of being a dead language." "Yes; and it is a wonder, too. It gets butchered so much."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— She—"Just like you! Why, I don't know what you'd do if you had to choose between your old pipe and me." He—"Well, but remember that the pipes improve with age, while women—."—*El Liberal.*

— Encouragment: Frances—"Harry says he just wants to fall down and worship me all the time." Her Mamma—"Oh, well; don't mind that, dear. After you're married he won't let it interfere with his business."—*Chicago News.*

— Wife (aghast)—"Henry, where did you get that appetite?" Returned Soldier (ravenously eating away)—"That appetite, Jane, was presented to me by the War Department for gallant and meritorious service in the field." —*Chicago Tribune.*

— Commanding Officer (in Porto Rico)—"Who is he and what does he want?" Soldier "I don't know what he wants. He says he belongs to an Ohio company." Commanding Officer —"Tell him we're not giving out any of these postoffices yet."—*Chicago Tribune.*

ANIMALS CHANGE COLOR.

Some of the Reasons For It and Some of the Mysteries of It.

Observation and experiment go to show how large an influence food has in determining the color of animals. Everybody knows how easily the color of the yellow canary may be altered to an orange red by mixing cayenne pepper with its food, though it is true that the color change may be produced only in very young birds whose feathers are not completely matured. It is also a matter of experiment that all varieties of canaries are not equally susceptible to the influence of the pepper, and it is a very curious fact that if the pigment that causes the red color of the pepper be mixed with the food of the birds, without the other constituents, yellow colored canaries are not in the slightest degree affected by it, while brown birds or the brown feathers of yellow birds become distinctly lighter in hue.

Here is another interesting experiment: The large tortoise shell butterfly normally feeds upon the leaves of the elm, while the small tortoise shell is addicted to nettles, but when some imagoes of the large tortoise shell were bred from caterpillars that have been found upon nettles, they showed a wonderful similarity to the smaller species, though the color was nearer to that of the larger. Quite in the same line is the observation that the thorn moth exhibits variations in color according as the larva is fed upon oak, hawthorn, lime or lilac. Many other experiments have shown a similiar effect of food in modifying or completely changing the color of animals.

Among the changes of color that are most perplexing, if one would refer their cause to utility only, is that of the gull, which is blue and white, and is therefore generally allowed to be of protective value. But of the first three years of their lives several common species of gull have a brownish speckled plumage, which is totally unlike that of the older birds, on which fact Mr. Beddard remarks, "If one color be advantageous, the other must be the reverse, and three years is either a considerable period or it is not long enough."

Another perplexing part of the subject is the color of deep sea animals. It is an established fact that marine animals can and do live at the enormous depth of more than five miles below the surface of the water. It is also certain that the sunlight does not penetrate to that depth, so that the animals that exist there exist in more than midnight darkness. Yet the fact is that brilliant colorations are generally found in them. Of what use can it be? How can natural selection or sexual selection have anything to do with it? It is true, indeed, that there may be phosphorescent light emitted by the animals themselves, and of this there are many evidences, but though the deep sea fish may be guided to its prey by a series of natural "bullseye" lanterns, the color of its prey could have no protective effect, but exactly the reverse.—Our Animal Friends.

A CRITICAL TIME

During the Battle of Santiago.

SICK OR WELL, A RUSH NIGHT AND DAY.

The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba were all Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.

P. E. Butler, of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago, De Cuba, on July 23d, says: "We all had diarrhœa in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by R. R. BALLAMY. †

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

All Sorts of Tricks.

"Oh, I guess we have our experiences," laughed the fire insurance agent. "We are just like others who have to deal with all kinds of people.

"Take the smart Alecks, for instance. They give us a whirl once in awhile, but we generally manage to get as good as a draw with them.

"One shrewd old chap had grown rich out of our company, and when he had built an elegant new store and stocked it with goods he came to us again for insurance. I refused him, but he was persistent, and I finally assented on condition that he hang a gross of hand grenades in the place. After I had seen them properly distributed I sent an old chum of his up to get the real lay of the land, for I was still suspicious. This is what the cronies said to each other:

" 'What is them things, Ike?'

" 'Hand grenades.'

" 'What's hand grenades?'

" 'I don't know what was in 'em at first, but they're full of kerosene oil now.'

"We canceled the policy."—Detroit Free Press.

A Noted Dog Fancier.

The Countess of Warwick is a noted dog fancier—indeed her dogs are said to be better known in some circles than she is herself. She has the finest Japanese spaniels in Europe, and they accompany her whenever she goes from one of her houses to the other. They occupy six baskets and monopolize six shawls in their mistress' dressing room, and they are each and all as devoted to their beautiful mistress as she is to them.

As Usual.

"You carved your own way to success, didn't you, Paddington?" "No. I didn't have much of anything to carve until after I achieved success."—Chicago Record.

Whitehead Torpedoes.

A Whitehead torpedo carries 220 pounds of wet gun cotton and weighs ready for service 1,160 pounds. Its maximum length is 16 feet 5 inches and its greatest dimneter is 17.7 inches. At a speed of 28 knots per hour it has a range of about 850 yards. The torpedo is driven by compressed air at a pressure of 1,350 pounds per square inch, which operates a three stage engine.

The men of Berlin have an odd habit of brushing and combing their hair and whiskers in public. In the restaurants and cafes men pull out their implements and "spruce up" while waiting for their orders to be filled. They do not take the trouble to leave the table, either.

Yellow Jaundice Cured.

Suffering humanity should be supplied with every means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: "This is to certify that I was a terrible sufferer from Yellow Jaundice for over six months, and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Bell, our druggist, recommended Electric Bitters; and after taking two bottles, I was entirely cured. I now take great pleasure in recommending them to any person suffering from this terrible malady. I am gratefully yours, M. A. Hogarty, Lexington, Ky." Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute	7 @	7¼
Standard	7½ @	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ lb	12 @	12½
Sides ℔ lb	@	8
Shoulders ℔ lb	@	7
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ lb	@	6
Shoulders ℔ lb	@	5¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 10
New New Mork, each	@	1 20
New City, each	@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ lb	@	24
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ lb	15 @	18
Northern	18 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	49
Virginia Meal	@	49
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	50
CANDLES—℔ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	11
CHEESE—℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	@	11
State	@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—		
Laguyra	12 @	16
Rio	7½ @	9
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	12 @	14
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	@	4 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5 @	10
" Extra	4 35 @	4 50
FLOUR—℔ lb—		
Low grade	@	3 25
Choice	@	3 50
Straight	3 75 @	4 00
First Patent	4 50 @	5 00
GLUE—℔ lb	7½ @	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	@	50
Car load, in bags—White	@	48
Oats, from store	35 @	37½
Oats, Rust Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	90 @	1 00
HIDES—℔ lb—		
Green	@	8
Dry	@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Clover Hay	@	75
Rice Straw	@	50
Eastern	@	75
Western	@	75
North River	@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	1½ @	2
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	5½ @	7
North Carolina	6 @	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	26
Barbadoes in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels	@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	12 @	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40 @	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	11 00
Rump	@	11 00
Prime	@	10 50
ROPE, ℔ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum	@	1 10
Liverpool	70 @	75
American	70 @	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks	@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 60 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd	5⅜ @	5¾
Standard A	@	5½
White Extra C	@	5
Extra C, Golden	@	4¾
C. Yellow	@	4⅝
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼ @	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	8 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary	@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50 @	8 50
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50 @	5 00
" Sap	4 00 @	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00 @	6 50
" Sap	5 00 @	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ lb	@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	2 50
WOOL ℔ lb—Unwashed	8 @	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 28¾ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 28¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market dull at $1.05 per bbl for Strained and $1.10 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl bid of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, firm, 27¾c, 27¼c; rosin firm, $1.15, $1.20; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine firm, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	59
Rosin	1,414
Tar	92
Crude turpentine	33

Receipts same day last year—103 casks spirits turpentine, 443 bbls rosin, 109 bbls tar, 35 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market dull on a basis of 5¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	2 13-16	cts. ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4⅛	" "
Low Middling	4 13-16	" "
Middling	5¼	" "
Good Middliug	5⅝	" "

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—233 bales; same day last year, 1,146.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60 to 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia —Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spansh 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½ to 55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—None offering.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five-inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2,25; six-six, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch; $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 9.—Money on call firm at 2½@4 per cent., last loan being at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firmer; actual business in bankers' bills 484¼@484½ for demand; 482½@482¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 483½ and 485½@486. Commercial bills 481@481½. Silver certificates 60½@61. Bar silver 60½. Mexican dollars 46¾. Government bonds irregular; 127¼@128¼; do. coupon, 127¼@128¼; U. S. 4's 110¼@111¼; do. coupon, 111½ @112½; U. S. 2's, 98¾; U. S. 5's, registered, 112¼@113¼; do. 5's, coupon, 112¼@113¼. State bonds—N. C. 6's 129; 4's 103½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 9.—Rosin was steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 31@31½c.

CHARLESTON, September 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, September 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 28½c; sales 100 casks; receipts 976 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged: no sales; receipts 3,334 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, September 8.—There was a decidedly easier market for cotton at the opening this morning. The first call developed a decline of two to six points and a further decline of one to three points under selling orders from abroad, unsatisfactory cables, decidedly heavier receipts, bear hammering and absence of speculative support. There was a slight reaction on covering by less confident shorts, who were driven in by fears of a bullish government report to-morrow and unfavorable average to the weather news. The closing tone was steady, with prices showing a net loss of five to six points.

NEW YORK, September 9.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 5 13-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady; September 5.51c, October 5.53c, November 5.56c, December 5.60c, January 5.63c, February 5.67c, March 5.71c, April 5.75, May 5.77c, June 5.81c.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling gulf 6 1-16c; middling uplands 5 13-16; sales 132 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 63 bales; exports to the Continent 200 bales; forwarded 31 bales; sales 132 bales; sales to spinners 133 bales; stock (actual) 46,353 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 3,419 bales; exports to Great Britain 733 bales; exports to France 565 bales; exports to the Continent 4,030 bales; forwarded 962 bales; sales 4,122 bales; sales to spinners 3,171 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 14,507 bales; exports to Great Britain 479 bales; exports to France 108 bales; exports to the Continent 2,235 bales; stock 190,357 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 54,079 bales; exports to Great Britain 16,664 bales; exports to France 973 bales; exports to the Continent 6,467 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 65,475 bales; exports to Great Britain 29,060 bales; exports to France 973 bales; exports to the Continent 6,467 bales.

Sept. 9.—Galveston, steady at 5 7-16c, net receipts 5,403 bales; Norfolk, nominal at 5⅝c, net receipts 321 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6c, net receipts 17 bales; Boston, steady at 5 13 16c, net receipts 819 bales; Wilmington, dull at 5¼c, net receipts 233 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 6 1-16c, net receipts 216 bales; Savannah, quiet at 5 3-16c, net receipts 4,035 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5 5-16c, net receipts 3,061 bales; Mobile, nominal at 5¼c, net receipts 165 bales; Memphis, steady at 5¼c, net receipts 360 bales; Augusta, steady at 5 7-16c, net receipts 507 bales; Charleston, quiet at 5c, net receipts 507 bales.

NEW YORK, Sep. 9.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1898: Galveston, 36,783 bales; New Orleans, 10,397; Mobile, 1,049; Savannah 8,823; Charleston, 1,843; Wilmington, 855; Norfolk, 3,316; Baltimore, 17; Boston, 2,236; Philadelphia, 111. Total, 65,475.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 9.—Flour was quiet but firmly held. Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 red 70¼@70½c; options opened stronger on cables and foreign buying; demand later grew general and more vigorous on bullish Russian crop news, renewed cash demand in the Northwest, bullish "tips" on the government report and active export trade; closed 1@1¼c net higher; No. 2 red May closed 68¼c; September closed 69c; December closed 66⅝c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 36¼c; options opened firm and advanced on firmness abroad, predictions of a bullish crop report, frost talk and export demand; the close was strong at ⅜c net advance; May closed 37¼c; September closed 36c; December closed 35⅛c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2 25c; options followed other products and closed firm at ¼c net advance; September closed 25⅜c. Lard easy; Western steam $5 22½; September $5 25, nominal; refined easy. Pork—market quoted quiet. Butter firm; Western creamery 14½@19c; Western factory 11½@14c; Elgins 19c; imitation creamery 13@16c; State dairy 13@17. Cheese quiet; large white 7¼@7¾. Potatoes steady; Jersey $1 25@1 50; Long Island $1 37½@1 75; New York $1 00@1 50; Jersey sweets $1 50@2 00; Southern $1 12½@1 25. Cotton seed oil easy; prime yellow 22½c asked. Petroleum steady. Rice steady. Cabbage dull; Long Island $2 00@3 00. Coffee—Spot Rio dull and nominal; mild, quiet; Cordova 8@15c. Sugar—Raw strong and held higher; fair refining 3 15-16@3⅞c; centrifugal 96 test 4⅜c; molasses sugar 3 9-16@3⅝c; refined strong.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—The strength of cash wheat in the Northwest to-day, in addition to a reported shortage of the Russian crop, caused a sharp rally in wheat values here. September closed 1¼@1½c higher and December gained 1½c. Corn improved ⅛c. Oats rose ⅛c. Provisions ruled weak. Pork left off 2½c down, lard 10c and ribs 7½@10c.

CHICAGO, September 9.—Cash quotations: Flour quiet. Wheat—No. 2 red —; No. 3 spring 59¼@63½; No. 2 red 65@65½c. Corn—No. 2 31c. Oats—No. 2 20½c; No. 2 white free on board, 24c; No. 3 white free on board, 22½@23½c. Mess pork, per bbl., $8 50@8 55. Lard, per 100 lbs., $4 85@5 00. Short rib sides, loose $5 00@5 30. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 50@4 75. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 50@5 60.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 September 62⅞, 62, 62⅞, 63⅞c; December 61⅛, 62⅛, 61⅛, 62; May 63⅜, 64⅜, 63⅜, 64⅛c. Corn—September 30⅛, 30⅞, 30⅛, 30⅝c; December 30⅛, 30⅞, 30⅛, 30¾c; May 32⅛, 33⅛, 32⅛, 33⅛. Oats—September 19⅞, 20⅛, 19⅞, 20⅛c; December 19⅝, 20⅛, 19⅝, 20; May 21¾, 22⅛, 21¾, 22⅛c. Pork, per bbl.—October $8 42½, 8 47½, 8 40, 8 47½; December $8 55, 8 57½, 8 45, 8 57½; January $9 35, 9 35, 9 25, 9 30. Lard, per 100 lbs—October $5 02½, 5 02½, 4 88½, 4 90; January $5 12½, 5 15, 5 00, 5 02½. Ribs per 100 lbs.—September $5 22½; October $5 30, 5 30, 5 15, 5 22½; January $4 77½, 4 77½, 4 70, 4 75.

BALTIMORE, September 9.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat inactive and higher—spot 67½@67¾c; month 67½@67¾c; October 67½@67¾c; December 67½@67¾c. Southern wheat by sample 62@68½c. Corn firmer—spot and month 34⅜@34½c; October 34⅛@34¾c; year 33¾c asked. Southern white corn 34½@36c. Oats steady; No. 2 white western 26@26½c. Lettuce 80c per bushel box.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, September 9, 4 P. M.—Cotton—spot in fair demand; prices unchanged; American middling 3 9-32d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 10,000 were for speculation and export and included 9,500 bales American. Receipts 2,000 bales, including 400 bales American.

Futures opened steady with a moderate demand and closed barely steady at the decline. American middling (l. m. c.): September 3 10-64@3 11-64d buyer; September and October 3 9-64d seller; October and November 3 7-64@3 8-64d seller; November and December 3 6-64@3 7-64d buyer; December and January 3 6-64@3 7-64d buyer; January and February 3 6-64@3 7-64d buyer; February and March 3 7-64@3 8-64d seller; March and April 3 8-64d buyer; April and May 3 9-64d seller; May and June 3 10-64d seller; June and July 3 10-64@3 11-64d buyeer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Croatan, 826 tons, Hale, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

Br steamship Hawkhurst, 1,538 tons, Watson, Kingston, Alex Sprunt & Son.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

Br schr Bianca 180 tons, Lambert, St Croix, Jas T Riley & Co.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

ST. CROIX.—Br schr Bianca—173,707 feet lumber, valued at $1,884.37, by Chadbourn Lumber Company: vessel by Jas T Riley & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 10, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

William M Bird, 808 tons, Barrett, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

C C Lister, 237 tons, Robinsen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Mola (Br.) 351 tons, Parker, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

City of Baltimore, 298 tons, Cawes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Freddie Hencken, 500 tons, Henningsen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Lois V Chapels, 192 tons, Medoro, Jas T Riley & Co.

Jacob M Haskell, 463 tons, Hart, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Hawkhurst (Br.) 1,538 tons, Watson, Alex Sprunt & Son,

Moorby (Br.) 1,673 tons, Laurie, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Yearby (Br) 1,665 tons, Goldsworthy, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Passat (Nor.) 654 tons, Aanonsen, J T Riley & Co.

Benguela, 665 tons, Andreasen, Heide & Co.

FISH, FISH, FISH.

New Catch Mullets just in.

BUTTER AND CHEESE, MEATS, FLOUR, &c.

THE FINEST PORTO RICO MOLASSES

in Tierces. Extra Good.

Get Our Prices and Samples.

Hall & Pearsall,

Wholesale Grocers, Nutt and Mulberry streets.

sed tf

Blue Ridge Springs — The Favorite Summe Rresort of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty six consecutive seasons under the management of PHIL. F. BROWN

my 22 3m

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours. It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* [signature] *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* [signature] *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President. March 24, 1898.* Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having

The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

WHERE THE JOKE CAME IN.

The Boys Hauled the Professor Back, Much to Their Chagrin.

A very good story is told of the head of a college who was the possessor of a very clumsy, old fashioned vehicle to which he was very partial and which he constantly used in riding through the streets of the town, to the disgust of most of the students.

A plan was formed among some of the boys that on a certain night they would remove this offensive vehicle from the coachhouse to a wood about half a mile from the college. Their intention was to run the carriage into the thickest of the woods and underbrush and leave it there.

But the principal by some means learned or suspected their intention.

Accordingly, in the evening, he quietly went out to the coachhouse, and, well wrapped up, crouched in a corner of the carriage and waited.

Soon the boys came, very stealthily, and, without looking into the vehicle, began their operations very quietly, and in whispers, and with many a "Hush" and "Take care" and "Look out," they succeeded in getting it out of the house and yard and into the road.

There they were all right, but they were puzzled to find the thing so heavy to haul, and amid grumblings and puffings and pantings, varied occasionally with a strong expression of disgust, they succeeded in reaching the woods, the principal listening to their complaints and rather enjoying the situation.

Having with some difficulty backed the carriage into the brush, they began to congratulate each other on the success of their maneuver. The old gentleman, letting down the window, to their utter surprise and alarm, very quietly said:

"Now, young gentlemen, just take me back very carefully, if you please."—Spare Moments.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 22, pages 381, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185. W. B. McKOY,
au 11 30t Attorney.

Attention, Naval Reserves!

John E. Cowell wishes to inform his old comrades that he may be found at No. 11 South Front street, where the "Nantucket" Barber Shop is in full blast. Give us a call. Respectfully,
A. PREMPERT,
se 4 tf. 11 South Front Street.

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped. Charles Street Avenue BALTIMORE, MD. su we sa jy 24 2m

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 28, 1898. 36th year.
Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.
Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal.
122 and 124 W. Franklin street, Baltimore, Md
jy 27 2m we sa

CURE YOURSELF!

Big G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

A REMINISCENCE.

How Two Prisoners Used Their Brains to Save Their Heads.

The following is an incident of reconstruction days. Captain Rube Clark and his lieutenant, Reynolds, guerrillas, were cast into prison, sentenced to be shot. Clark had powerful friends, who were confident of his release, but Reynolds, from Memphis, was without hope of succor. The prison at Knoxville was a strong iron cage in a big room, whose window had no sign of a glass, and through the long winter Clark and Reynolds were confined there. For several months they suffered the agonies of the damned. At last, as the time for Reynolds' execution approached, it was noticed that he was going crazy. Clark declares to this day that Reynolds did not touch a morsel of food for three weeks. He would moan and sigh and twirl his thumbs after the manner of a crazy person, recognize no one and laugh insanely in Clark's face whenever he tried to console him. Clark was sure of his insanity. Army surgeons and local physicians passed upon the case, and Reynolds was finally discharged as a lunatic.

Clark's friends finally secured his release and hurried him out of Knoxville. Two entered a carriage with him—two of his old soldiers—and drove toward the mountains as hard as possible in the dead of night. Reaching a house in a dense forest, they stopped and asked him to follow them to a back room. The halls were darkened, and in the room there was only the light of a candle. On the bed in the corner lay a man, moaning, sighing, twirling his thumbs and giving other evidences of insanity. Clark recognized Reynolds.

"Poor, poor fellow," he said, leaning over the lieutenant to stroke his forehead. A tear came in his eye as he looked at the wreck of his faithful officer.

One of the soldiers shut the door, locked it and approached the bedside.

"It's all right, Reynolds; this is the captain," he whispered.

Reynolds tore off the blanket, sprang up with a glad cry, and threw his arms around Clark's neck.

"Great God, captain, didn't I do it well?" he said.

They made all possible haste and soon reached New Orleans, where Clark felt that Reynolds would be comparatively safe. One night as they left the opera and had reached a lamp in the street an officer touched Clark on the shoulder.

"I want you," he said. "Make no fuss about it, but come quietly."

Clark pinched Reynolds' arm and signified that he must fly. The lieutenant needed no second warning. Then Clark asked the officer what he was wanted for.

"Hanging," said the latter. "I have been on your trail for three weeks."

"But maybe you have the wrong man. My name is Reuben Clark."

The officer took from his hip pocket a photograph of Reynolds and examined it and Clark under the lamp. Instantly he saw his mistake and began to swear.

"That is a likeness of my friend who has just left us," said Clark coolly. "His name is"—

"Reynolds!" shouted the officer. I've got the wrong man!"

Well, Reynolds was never caught. He is living in Memphis today, I believe, and has grown rich. Clark is rich, too, but that long term in the iron cage affected his mind, and he is the most absentminded man in America.—New York Press.

Speaker Reed's Autograph.

The Kennebec (Me.) Journal says that when autograph hunters ask Speaker Reed for his signature he writes it rather hastily, and it is simply T. B. Reed. If the pen does not mark plainly, the speaker does not always take pains to dip it anew, provided there is a scrawl and all the letters are visible.

Not so when the oblong forms of parchment are handed to him from the committee on enrolled bills, of which Representative Hager of Iowa is chairman. Mr. Hinds, the clerk to the speaker's desk, hands up the pile of parchment, and the speaker carefully looks over each. Taking them down one by one, he writes his name slowly and carefully. It does not appear as T. B. Reed, but as Thomas B. Reed.

The ink is dipped from a bottle that sits within a silver tray, which has come down from the time when Henry Clay was speaker of the house of representatives. Then the signature is carefully blotted, the precious parchment is carried to the senate and eventually finds its way to the state department, where it is stored among the archives.

A HORRID SLANDER.

The Most Infamous That Ever Appeared in Print in This State.

The Alarmed Politicians are Trying to Break the Force of it by Resorting to Various Dodges, But They are Too Thin.

The infamous assault on the white women of this State which appeared on the 18th of August in the *Daily Record*, the negro paper published in this city, has aroused a storm of indignation from one end of the State to the other. We have received so many requests for copies of the STAR containing this article that we herewith reproduce it in full, the accuracy of which is certified to by Col. John D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, and by a number of our well-known business men. The article is headed:

Mrs. Felton's Speech.

"A Mrs. Felton, from Georgia, makes a speech before the Agricultural Society at Tybee, Ga., in which she advocates lynching as an extreme measure. This woman makes a strong plea for wamanhood, and if the alleged crimes or rape were half so frequent as is ofttimes reported, her plea would be worthy of consideration.

"Mrs. Felton, like many other socalled Christians, loses sight of the basic principle of the religion of Christ in her plea for one class of people as against another. If a missionary spirit is essential for the uplifting of the poor white girls, why is it? The The morals of the poor white people are on a par with their colored neighbors of like conditions, and if any one doubts the statement let him visit among them. The whole lump needs to be leavened by those who profess so much religion and showing them that the preservation of virtue is an essential for the life ot any people.

"Mrs. Felton begins well for she admits that education will better protect the girls on the farm from the assaulter. This we admit and it should not be confined to the white any more than to the colored girls. The papers are filled often with reports of rapes of white women, and the subsequent lynching of the alleged rapists. The editors pour forth volleys of aspersions against all negroes because of the few who may be guilty. If the papers and speakers of the other race would condemn the commission of crime because it is crime and not try to make it appear that the negroes were the only criminals, they would find their strongest allies in the intelligent negroes themselves, and together the whites and blacks would root the evil out of both races.

"We suggest that the whites guard their women more closely, as Mrs. Felton says, thus giving no opportunity for the human fiend, be he white or black. **You leave your goods out of doors and then complain because they are taken away.** Poor white men are careless in the matter of protecting their women, especially on farms. They are careless of their conduct toward them **and our experience among poor white people in the country teaches us that the women of that race are not any more particular in the matter of clandestine meetings with colored men, than are the white men with colored women. Meetings of this kind go on for some time until the woman's infatuation or the man's boldness, bring attention to them and the man is lynched for rape. Every negro lynched is called a 'big, burly, black brute,' when in fact many of those who have thus been dealt with had white men for their fathers, and were not only not 'black' and 'burly' but were sufficiently attractive for white girls of culture and refinement to fall in love with them as is well known to all."**

"Mrs. Felton must begin at the fountain head if she wishes to purify the stream.

"Teach your men purity. Let virtue be something more than an excuse for them to intimidate and torture a helpless people. Tell your men that it is no worse for a black man to be intimate with a white woman, than for a white man to be intimate with a colored woman.

You set yourselves down as a lot of carping hypocrites; in fact you cry aloud for the virtue of your women while you seek to destroy the morality of ours. Don't think ever that your women will remain pure while you are debauching ours. You sow the seed—the harvest will come in due time."

THE AFFIDAVIT OF THE CLERK.

An effort has been made by some of the politicians to fool the people by representing that this slander was a Democratic trick or was garbled, but the following affidavit from the Clerk of the Superior Court settles the question as to its accuracy:

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

I, John D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an accurate and true copy of an editorial in the *Daily Record*, a paper published in the city of Wilmington, of date Aug. 18, 1898.

"I further certify that said paper has been published in said city at least eight months prior to this date; that Alex. L. Manly, the editor, is a negro, is well known as a Republican and has before this held the office of Deputy Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, by appointment from Charles W. Norwood, Republican Register of Deeds, of New Hanover county.

"I further certify that John N. Goins, business manager; L. D. Manly, foreman; Jno. T. Howe, general traveling agent; and F. G. Manly, general manager, are all negroes, and are known as Republicans and the said Jno. T. Howe was a Republican Representative from New Hanover county in the Legislature of 1897. Witness my hand and seal this August 24th, 1898. JOHN D. TAYLOR.
Clerk Superior Court of New Hanover Co.

Who Manly Is.

As the Republican politicians in this county could not call this assault a Democratic trick, or say it was garbled, they tried to break the force of it by repudiating the paper as a party organ and characterizing the editor as a "simpleton" who represents no one but himself. The following affidavit from a num of business men of Wilmington testifies to the accuracy of the published slander, tells who Manly and his associates on the *Record* are and shows that Manly was not regarded as a simpleton, or a nobody before he startled the bosses by the publication of that awful article:

CITIZENS TESTIFY.

B. G. Worth, of the Worth Co.; R. W. Hicks, wholesale grocer; C. E. Borden, president of Navassa Guano Co.; W. L. DeRosset, commander of N. C. Division Confederate Veterans, and John C. Springer, of the firm of W. E. Springer & Co., each being duly sworn says that he has read the foregoing paper, and that the said is an accurate and true copy of an editorial in the *Daily Record* of the date August 18th, 1898; that said paper, the *Daily Record*, has been published in the city of Wilmington at least eight months prior to this date, and Alex. L. Manly, the editor thereof, is a negro, is well known as a Republican and has held the position of Deputy Register of Deeds in New Hanover county under the Republicans.

Affiants further say that John N. Goins, business manager, L. D. Manly, foreman, John T. Howe, general travelling agent, and F. G. Manly, general manager, are all negroes, and Republicans, and the said John T. Howe was a Republican Representative from New Hanover county in the Legislature of 1897.

W. L. DEROSSET,
JOHN C. SPRINGER,
B. G. WORTH,
R. W. HICKS,
CHAS. E. BORDEN.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

Personally appeared before me, Wm. L. DeRossett, B. G. Worth, John C. Springer, R. W. Hicks and Charles E. Borden, shown to me to be the persons they represent themselves to be, and made oaths that the above statement is correct to the best of their knowledge and belief.

JOHN TURRENTINE,
Notary Public.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We now have the Agency here for the following staple lines of

SHOES.

The Celebrated W. L. Douglass Gents' Fine Footwear.

The Val Drettenhoper & Sons' Ladies' Fine Footwear.

John Mundell's Children's School Shoes.

We have just received fresh shipments of these excellent good, all of which are strictly UP-TO-DATE in Style and Finish. No comment upon the quality of these goods is necessary. We simply ask EVERYBODY to buy a pair. This would give us the best advertisement in the world, because every pair is

Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction.

Look at what we have, before buying elsewhere, please. We can save you money.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

se 4 tf

Bagging, Ties, Fish Kegs and Salt.

1000 Rolls 2 lb Bagging.
500 Rolls 1 3-4 Bagging.
1500 Bundles Ties.
500 Fish Kegs.
1000 Sacks, 200 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 180 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 110 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 100 lbs, Salt.

R. R. STONE & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
au 18 tf D&W 5 and 7 South Water St.

St. Paul's Academy
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

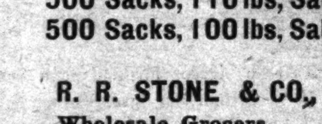
Sixth and Princess streets, Wilmington, N. C.

Students Thoroughly Prepared for

COLLEGE AND BUSINESS.

Session opens September 26. Terms $3.00 and $4.00 per calendar month.
For information apply to
E. O. Counts, A. M., Principal,
215 North Seventh street,
or to A. G. Voigt, D. D., No. 12 North Sixth street. au 11 6w

NOTICE.



Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central Railroad Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., SEPT. 6TH, 1898

The regular Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company in the city of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, on Thursday, the 6th day of October, A. D., 1898, at one o'clock P. M.

JOHN H. SHARP,
se 6 30t Secretary.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.
For catalogues address
Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY,
je 28 tf. RALEIGH, N. C.

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 269.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.
my 22 tf

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,
AND DEPOSIT IT IN
The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your usiness, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Ever Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$543,255 52	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		167 97	Surplus	$70,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,953 25—	79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Circulation		36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$109,664 22		Total Deposits		561,976 40
Cash on hand	99,741 94—	209,406 16			
Total		$802,929 65	Total		$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '96.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98.
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 28 tf

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.
my 12 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.
J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address
THE MORNING STAR,
my 23 tf Wilmington N. C.

WANTED

5,000 lbs. Wool.
3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
je 4 tf 13 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.
West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office.
feb 25tf Goldsboro, N. C.

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,
my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

Barbadoes Molasses

Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and

New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.
jy 23 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE.

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:23 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and pointsNorth.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 5:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:19 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 00 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

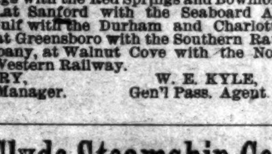
CONNECTIONS.

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington,
BENEFACTOR ......Saturday, September 10th
G. W. CLYDE......Wednesday, September 14th
CROATAN ....Saturday, September 17th

Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN ....Saturday, September 10th
BENEFACTOR........Friday, September 16th
G. W. CLYDE ....Monday, September 19th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
BENEFACTOR ....Tuesday, September 13th
CROATAN ....Tuesday, September 20th

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 15 tf

Our Winning Cards

are choice, tender, juicy meats, prompt and satisfactory service, and popular prices. With them we expect to keep on the winning side while we are in business, as we find them to be invincible with the public. Those who are not getting satisfaction in their table supplies in Meats should try our prime Roasts, Steaks and Chops. We know we can please them.

I. B. RHODES.
se 7 tf

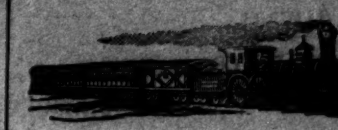
ANNOUNCEMENT.

This is to inform the public that I have returned to the city and will resume the practice of law. Office on third floor of Carolina Insurance building.

Money to Lend.

se 1 lm JOHN H. GORE, Jr.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:03 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.24 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:03 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m. Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2,03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m. Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m. Sumter 9:22 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m. Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m. Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 5:06 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:20 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 2:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m. Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfied 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.20 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:50 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrives Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.
H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern........	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City..	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY,
feb 1 tf Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 10.

TRADE CONDITIONS AND PROSPECTS.

Bradstreets' Report Generally Favorable But Impaired Crop Prospects in the South Check Business There.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 9.—Bradstreets' to-morrow will say:

Heat and holidays have imparted an irregular appearance to speculative and general distributive trade this week, and therefore to bank clearing returns more particularly at the East: but with the arrival of cooler temperature some improvement is reported at those markets. Generally speaking, favorable basic features already noted still continue most in evidence, and the attitude of quiet confidence in future good trade is better. Conditions in many leading industries, but particularly in iron and steel, and its various products, are of continued and in some cases, growing strength. The general level of prices of staples is the highest reached for five years past; railway earnings, favored by the enlarged movement of wheat to market, are showing larger gains than have been recently reported; a good export demand for agricultural and manufactured products is reported; failures remain at a minimum, and reports of poor trade are conspicuous by their infrequency. Less favorable crop reports from abroad and good spot inquiry are reflected in a rather steadier tone in wheat and in advanced quotations for ocean freights. Corn continues to experience a weather market, but prospects of yield are still regardeded as favorable. Following the intense activity in the placing of orders for iron and steel in the past few weeks has come a quieting demand, but experiences of buyers and the very firm and in some cases the upward tendency of prices, point to the conclusion that the lull is due almost entirely to the mills being already heavily oversold. Export business has certainly been checked by the inability of American mills to deliver within time limits set, but orders have been placed at the West this week for a large lot of steel bars for shipment to England. Unabated activity is reported in Chicago, and dry goods shipments cannot be made fast enough. Small, but numerous advances in prices of different classes of steel are reported from that city and St. Louis. Railroads are reported buying two to three months ahead of time. Business is active at Kansas City, Omaha, Cleveland, Louisville and throughout the entire Northwest. On the Pacific coast San Francisco reports merchants interested in developing trade with Hawaii. Healthful activity exists in distribution at Portland, Tacoma and Seattle. Some check to trade is reported in the lower Mississippi valley, caused by reports of yellow fever, and heavy rains on the South Atlantic coast are said to have impaired cotton crop prospects, and to have checked trade and collections; but the report from the South as a whole is still good, based partly upon last season's immense yield and confidence in another heavy crop this year. Southern mills have done well during the season just closed, contrasting sharply with Northern mills in this respect, but the need of an increased foreign outlet for American goods is unmistakable. In the East more is doing in lumber, drugs, paints and glass at Philadelphia. General trade is quiet at Baltimore. Hot weather and holidays checked business in dry goods at New York, but cooler weather has brought an improved spot demand. Wool sales have again fallen off at Boston. Cotton goods are quiet but steady, and the demand for men's wear woollens is not up to expectations.

A MILITARY FUNERAL.

Impressive Services Over the Remains of Naval Cadet Wheeler and Lieut. Kirkpatrick at Camp Wikoff.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, L. I., Sep. 9.—Impressive funeral services were held at 7 o'clock this morning over the remains of Naval Cadet Thomas H. Wheeler, son of Major General Joseph Wheeler, and Second Lieutenant Newton D. Kirkpatrick, First United States cavalry, who were drowned while bathing Wednesday afternoon.

The caskets containing the bodies were placed on benches in front of General Wheeler's headquarters. Young Wheeler's casket was directly in front of the tent which he had occupied, and covering it was a handsome American flag with gold fringe. Lieutenant Kirkpatrick's coffin was also covered by an American flag. A detail from the Third cavalry acted as a guard of honor.

General Wheeler, his daughters and his son, Joseph Wheeler, Jr., were the chief mourners. Rev. Archibald Bradshaw, chaplain of the One Hundred and Seventy-first provisional New York regiment, and pastor of the Marble Collegiate Church in New York city, offered prayer and then read the burial service. At the conclusion of the service the caskets were placed on gun caissons, drawn by black horses. The funeral cortege was led by the details from the First and Third cavalry. General Wheeler and the members of his family rode in a carriage immediately after the caisson on which were the remains of his son.

The Second cavalry band, mounted, played a dirge, and on the way to the station, a distance of about four miles, troops were drawn up at different points and the soldiers uncovered their heads as the solemn little procession passed. At the station the caskets were placed in a baggage car attached to a special train.

General Wheeler and his family accompany the remains of Cadet Wheeler to Wheeler, Ala. The body of Lieutenant Kirkpatrick goes to Lexington, Va. The War Department detailed an officer to accompany Lieutenant Kirkpatrick's body.

QUEEN WILHEMINA.

An Attempt to Assassinate Holland's Ruler Just Prior to Her Enthronement.

By Cable to the Morning Star

BERLIN, September 9.—The *Lokalanziger* says that a fortnight ago an attempt was made to assassinate Queen Wilhemina near Amersfort, province of Utreth, on the road between Castle Soostdyt and Baara. A man emerged from behind a tree and fired a revolver at her majesty. The bullet missed the queen, but ploughed the cheek of a lady in attendance. The would-be assassin was arrested. He is supposed to be an English anarchist.

The strictest secrecy has been maintained hitherto as to the affair, in order not to disturb the enjoyment of the enthronement festivities.

M'KINLEY SNUBS GENERAL MILES.

Made Formal Call at the White House and Was Dismissed With Scant Courtesy.

A FIVE MINUTES INTERVIEW.

Miles Had Nothing to Say Before or After the Call—At the War Department the General Talked About Army Reorganization.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—General Miles, accompanied by Colonel Michler, of his staff, called at the White House shortly before the cabinet meeting to-day. The general wore a fatigue uniform, showing the two-starred epaulettes of a major general. At the time of his arrival the President was conferring with Justice Harlan, Senator Allison and other callers. General Miles and Colonel Michler were shown into the cabinet anteroom, and there the President joined them, excusing himself from the other callers. The meeting between the President and the commanding general was comparatively brief, lasting about five minutes, as the cabinet meeting was about to begin. It was not in the nature of a conference, during which questions relating to the war were discussed, but was that formal call of respect usual on the return of a high official. The conference for more extended discussion of war affairs doubtless will come later, although it was said after the call that no exact time had been fixed for a further meeting.

General Miles had nothing to say before or after the call. He was greeted with a round of applause as he left the White House, pushing his way through the dense crowd awaiting the review of the returning District of Columbia troops.

At the War Department.

General Miles came to the War Department at 10 o'clock to-day, and after spending a short time in his room at army headquarters went to the office of the Secretary of War. Acting Secretary Meiklejohn was at the desk of Secretary Alger and was talking with Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, and Adjutant General Corbin, when General Miles entered. The latter was accompanied by a member of his staff. After the gentlemen had shook hands and the business with the Governor was transacted, Mr. Meiklejohn and General Miles chatted for some time on general topics of the campaign in Porto Rico and the return trip of the commanding general.

Speaking of the future of the army, General Miles said that there were a number of matters which required careful and deliberate consideration, with respect to the army organization, and that undoubtedly steps in that direction would be taken as soon as practicable. The matter of mustering out the volunteer general officers, to correspond with the general reduction of the army, by mustering out, he said, would have to be taken up at an early date, and that undoubtedly would cause a rearrangement of the department commands.

Army Reorganization.

With respect to the re-organization of the army General Miles said that the experience of this war had very clearly demonstrated what military authorities well understood before, that the establishment of a standard was necessary to the entire efficiency of the army. He said it was his intention to recommend a plan of reorganization to Congress, and that he believed the necessity for it would be recognized by the public and by Congress. The acquisition of territory obviously made it necessary that there should be a larger army, and the experience of the war had demonstrated the necessity of establishing a standard and having the troops thoroughly trained to the military service. It was desirable, he said, that the army should be organized on the basis of one soldier to every certain number of inhabitants. It was recognized by military authorities, even before the close of the war of the rebellion, that the establishment of a standard was desirable, but from time to time the army had been reduced until it had reached a number disproportionately small to the size of the country and its population. He thought that one soldier to every one thousand population probably would be found to be about the right ratio for a standard, and that the army, this standard being accepted, would increase according to the recognized needs of the government in an exact ratio to the increase of the population.

Cabinet Meeting.

The cabinet meeting to-day was protracted, lasting two hours and a quarter, although only Secretaries Gage and Wilson and Postmaster General Emory Smith were with the President. The appointment of Senator Gray as a peace commissioner was first considered, and met with such approval that the formal announcement of the choice was made. The question of investigating the administration of the War Department and the appointment of commissioners to conduct the investigation was gone over. Whether the President will direct the investigation depends upon his ability to find men for the commission in whom there will be such universal approval that their verdict will be accepted in advance as a just determination of the subject. If such men can be found then the President will name them and order the investigation; if they cannot be found, then the investigation will not occur. It is felt to be essential, as a prerequisite to the commission, that a membership shall be secured which will command general approval. Some names were mentioned, but a conclusion was not reached on any of them. The Miles-Alger controversy, which is distinct from the inquiry into the War Department, was not referred to at the cabinet meeting.

RETURNING SOLDIERS.

First Regiment District of Columbia Volunteers Reviewed by the President.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 9.—From the portico of the White House the President and all the members of the cabinet now in the city to-day reviewed the First regiment District of Columbia volunteers on their return from the war. It was an inspiring sight as the District forces marched under the portico, receiving the salutation of the President, while a dense crowd gave an enthusiastic welcome to the soldiers.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

GOVERNMENT OF HAWAIIANS.

The Form Will Be Modelled Upon That of Existing United States Territories.

LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT.

A Territorial Legislature Will Be Formed With Limited Powers—The Ultimate Possibility of Statehood Will Not Be Barred.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 9.—The steamer Coptic, from Yokohama and Hong Kong, via Honolulu, brings the following advices to the Associated Press from the latter place, under date of September 3d:

It will be "The Territory of Hawaii." That is the name which the annexation committee has decided to recommend to Congress.

The form of government will be modelled on that of existing territories. There will be no further departures from this than local conditions and national political considerations make necessary. It is probable that in working out the details the form of government will not approximate so closely to that of State government as the ordinary form of government does. But the ultimate possibility of statehood will not be barred.

Local self-government will be given through the extension of municipal ideas. The islands will be divided into municipal districts, having control under restrictions and limitations of purely local affairs.

The question of a territorial legislature has not been fully settled. There will probably be one, but with limited powers. All the attributes of sovereignty will be exercised by the national government of the United States. The people of Hawaii will be called on to consider themselves Americans, looking to the national government as a source of national power. In local affairs, they will have the opportunity of exercising the highest attribute of American citizenship, local self-government. The form of government the committee will recommend will be one calculated to do away with the associations of national independence which have grown up in the last eighty or ninety years and to create associations and the feeling of union with the United States of America.

It is pretty clear from what has been said by members of the committee from time to time, that in framing a form of government for the islands they have also been charged by the administration with forming a model which can be adapted to Porto Rico and other new possessions the war has brought the United States. The committee is trying to so shape its work as to be able to conclude its labors September 2nd. The visiting members will, in that case, be able to return to the mainland by the steamer of the 23rd of September.

The Pacific cable may go around Honolulu. A shorter route by the way of Alaska has been figured on.

There is a clash here between Col. Parker and the Hawaiian government over military quarters. The matter will probably be straightened out soon.

It is the present calculation to send the United States steamship Philadelphia back to San Francisco very soon, as Admiral Miller, having completed the mission on which he was sent by the United States government, is anxious to return. Various officers of the Philadelphia are so sure that their ship will return to this port, after landing Admiral Miller in San Francisco, that they are making arrangements for that purpose. In fact, the Philadelphia is the only ship available for duty here.

Yuchida, the Japanese consul to Honolulu, arrived by the Coptic last last night. He is accredited as a minister pro tem to the Republic of Hawaii, although the arrangements have been made for the proper acknowledgement of his credentials at Washington.

PARIS PEACE COMMISSION.

Senator Gray of Delaware Appointed—Is a Democrat and Supposed to be Opposed to Expansion.

WASHINGTON, September 9.—The President to-day named Senator George Gray, of Delaware, as the fifth member of the peace commission. This completes the personnel of the commission, which stands, Secretary Day, Senators Davis, Frye and Gray, and Hon. Whitelaw Reid. In selecting Senator Gray, the President has given Democratic representation on the commission. The appointment probably will necessitate the retirement of Mr. Gray from the Anglo-American commission, which is conducting its sessions in Canada, as this commission will resume its work about the time the peace commissioners sail for Paris. The position was offered to the Senator several days ago, but at that time was declined. The President, however, further urged Mr. Gray to accept, and his final agreement was secured to-day. Senator Gray is one of the best known men in public life, having been a prominent figure in the Senate for the last twelve years. He was born at Newcastle, Delaware, in 1840, and was graduated at Princeton. He served as attorney general of Delaware, and later was appointed to the Senate when Thomas F. Bayard entered the first Cleveland cabinet as Secretary of State. Mr. Gray has been in the Senate continuously since then, serving with distinction, being one of the recognized forces in debate and in the shaping of important legislation. He is a member of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, thus making three members of that committee—Davis, Frye and Gray—on the peace commission. On foreign questions Mr. Gray has generally been regarded as opposed to expansion, his Senate votes having been against the annexation of Hawaii.

Now that the committee is complete it is expected that the American case will be made up and the commission given its final instructions. The commissioners will meet here about the 15th instant prior to sailing for Paris, at which time they will meet the President and be made aware in a general way of the views of the administration.

The Republican State Convention of Utah, after nominating candidates, adopted a platform demanding protection, bimetallism and reciprocity.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. B. BELLAMY.

THE PORTO RICO COMMISSIONERS.

Impatiently Waiting at San Juan for Notification by the Spaniards.

THE TIME EXPIRES SUNDAY.

If the Spaniards Are Not Prepared to Proceed on That Date They Must Explain Matters—Americans Will Brook No Delay.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO, September 9.—The American evacuation commissioners, at a meeting held yesterday afternoon, decided to notify Captain General Macias that they were present and ready to proceed with business. A letter to this effect was drafted in most courteous terms. It asked where and when the Spanish commissioners would meet the Americans. Lieutenant Sears, Rear Admiral Schley's flag lieutenant, delivered the communication to the captain general, driving to the palace in a carriage. At the gate of the palace a brick was hurled at him from the sidewalk. Being an old baseball player, he was able, partly, to ward the missile off with his hands, and it fell, striking him on the ankle, but doing only slight injury. This is the first incident of the kind since our arrival here. The lieutenant did not deem it advisable to lodge a complaint and the police made no arrest.

The American commissioners are determined to brook no delay, as is indicated by their action. Although Captain General Macias recognized their presence by official visits, they have not been notified of the appointment or of the names of the Spanish commissioners, and the names of the latter have not been officially gazetted here, in spite of the fact that it is understood, unofficially, that Generals Ortega and Vallerino and the auditor of war, Senor Aguilar, comprise the Spanish commission. The thirty days expire on Sunday, and if the Spaniards are not prepared to proceed on that date they must explain matters.

The Spanish torpedo boat destroyer Terror and the gunboat Ponce de Leon sailed for the island of Martinique to-day, where they will be placed in dry dock, as their bottoms are foul, before proceeding for Spain. The gunboats Isabella II and Concha will follow on Monday.

Some of our naval officers regret the decision of Washington, that these ships, which formed part of the defence of the island, were not held.

The barquentine Skeptic, from Lunenburg, N. S., with a cargo of fish has arrived here. This is the first food cargo to reach this port since the blockade was raised.

The censorship of press dispatches by the Spanish authorities continues.

Fresh outrages are reported to have occurred in the interior. At Cocoas, in the neighborhood of Ciales, a number of brigands recently raided a plantation and shot the proprietor in the leg. A detachment of fifty Spanish soldiers has been dispatched from Arecibo to restore order.

A Reply Received.

About noon to-day the American military commanders received a reply from Captain General Macias to their communication of last evening. General Macias said the Spanish evacuation commissioners would be ready to meet the Americans at the palace tomorrow morning at half past ten.

Later in the day General Brooke, Admiral Schley and General Gordon held a conference at the Hotel Inglaterra, regarding the attitude they will assume at the meeting.

THE CRETAN TROUBLE.

Another Bombardment of Candia Imminent—Fires Continue—Disarmament of Turks Demanded.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ATHENS, September 9.—News was received here from Candia late this afternoon that another bombardment was imminent.

The fires continue. Four hundred deaths are already attested.

Martial law has been proclaimed.

CANEA, Sept. 9.—The foreign admirals have requested the powers to send a battalion each to re-inforce the international garrison.

On the request of the admirals the Cretan executive committee has succeeded in inducing the Christian insurgents in Candia to retire outside the cordon.

To-day twenty-one additional bodies of Christians were discovered under smouldering ruins at Candia.

The British admiral, it is said, has demanded the disarmament of the Mussulmans.

ROME, Sept. 9.—The *Messagero* announces that the Italian cruiser Lombardia, with 320 men, has been ordered to Candia.

CANDIA, September 9.—The daughter of the massacred English vice consul, with her baby, has disappeared. It is supposed that both have been massacred.

NEVADA DEMOCRATS.

State Convention Rejects a Proposition to Fuse With Silver Republicans.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RENO, NEV., September 9.—When the Democratic State Convention met this morning, its committee on fusion reported that the silver Republicans would concede to the Democrats the nominees for Lieutenant Governor, State Controller, short term Regent of the University and Superintendent of Public Instruction. After some vigorous speeches the proposition to fuse was rejected almost unanimously. The Democrats then nominated a ticket headed by George Russell for Governor.

The Silver Party convention nominated a ticket with R. Sadler for Governor.

The platform declares for the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1; favors the nomination of Wm. J. Bryan in 1890, and urges the holding of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines until the American people have time to consider the best policy in regard to their final disposition.

STATE OF WASHINGTON.

A Fusion Agreement Reached by the Populists and Democrats.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ELLENSBURG, WASH., September 9.—The Populist State convention today conceded the demand of the Democrats for one Supreme Judge and a fusion agreement was reached. The Populists nominated B. F. Houston, of Tacoma, as their candidate for Supreme Judge.

James Hamilton Lewis was renominated for Congress by the Democrats and W. C. Jones by the silver Republicans.

SPANISH GOVERNMENT'S DIFFICULT SITUATION.

Unable to Prevent Disclosure of Secret Sessions of the Cortes—Wrangling in the Chambers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, September 9.—The following statement has been made by an important Spanish official:

"Senor Silvela, (the leader of a section of the Conservative party) refused the government the support of his party, although he is fully aware of the difficulties of the situation. He is doubtless prompted by the desire to obtain power. We will do all in our power to realize his desire with short delay. The country will then see how soon the man, who is now posing as a Liberal, will be transformed into a despotic dictator."

General Polavieja has handed a copy of his manifesto to the newspaper men, but the censor forbids its publication. The censor also forbids its transmission by telegraph. It is probable that the general intends to read it to-day in the Cortes, but it is certain the government will prevent him from so doing and will insist upon a secret session.

The *Liberal* to-day again makes the assertion that Premier Sagasta will resign as soon as the chamber adopts the peace bill.

MADRID, September 8, via Barritz.—The government's severe measures to prevent reports of the secret sessions of the Cortes are nullified by the Senators and Deputies of the opposition, who are eager to inform the foreign correspondents as to what goes on.

Yesterday's session of the Chamber ended with Senor Silvela attacking the government and claiming that "the Sagasta ministry is a corpse; and we do not discuss corpses. We bury them."

Senor Canalejas, who is a lieutenant of Polavieja's new party, urged an inquiry into the sources of the charges against the army and navy. The debate apparently weakened the government.

It is reported that at yesterday's cabinet council, Senor Sagasta told his colleagues that they must be prepared for the fall of the cabinet.

General Blanco has appealed to the government for funds, representing that the situation in Cuba is most distressing. Senor Romero Giron, minister for the colonies, has asked the treasury for 100,000,000 pesetas. In reply, he received 30,000,000. The Bank of Spain, nominally, holds 1,000,000,000 pesetas internal fours, but the sums supplied to the government on this guarantee are already exhausted.

MADRID, September 9.—In the Chamber of Deputies Senor Canalejas, in the course of a long speech, of violent and unmeasured abuse, denounced the government collectively and individually for its conduct during the war and now in the peace negotiations. He produced a sensation by asserting that when Admiral Cervera asked for instructions, the minister for the colonies replied to him, "may God help you."

The sitting was suspended. Senor Canalejas will continue his speech tomorrow. The Senate held a secret session.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Spain Protests Against the Capitulation of Manila Because Made After Protocol Was Signed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, September 9.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Standard* says:

The government recently forwarded to M. Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington, a long and strongly argued statement representing the Philippines, which he will communicate verbally to the Washington government. "Spain protests against the capitulation of Manila because it was made two days after the protocol was signed. It says that the revenue from the Manila customs may continue devoted to the service of the Philippine loan of 1897; and finally, it insists upon the United States compelling Aguinaldo to liberate a thousand Spaniards now in his custody, most of whom were placed there, he now asserts, by Admiral Dewey.

GEN. JOHN B. GORDON

Asked to Accept Position as a Commissioner of Investigation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., September 9.—A telegram was received to-day by the family of General John B. Gordon, asking the General to accept a position as a member of "a commission to examine into the commissary and medical departments of the army in the recent war with Spain."

President McKinley expressed the opinion that General Gordon would do the country a great service by accepting a position on the commission and earnestly hoped that the General would see fit to become a member. The specific object of the commission is stated in the telegram to be an examination into the commissary, quartermaster and medical bureaus of the War Department and into the extent, causes and treatment of sickness in the fields and the camps.

The telegram did not state who the other members of the investigating board would be and closed with a request for serious consideration of the offer.

General Gordon is at Reynolds, Ga., to-night and inaccessible. President McKinley's telegram was forwarded to him.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, Sept. 9, 1898.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending Sept. 9th:

	1898.	1897.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week	54,047	95,874
Total receipts to this date	65,475	95,868
Exports for week	24,104	19,985
Total exports to date	36,500	21,896
Stock in all U. S. ports	190,306	138,665
Stock at all interior towns	98,370	74,238
Stock in Liverpool,	750,000	488,000
American afloat for Great Britain	48,000	23,000

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,106,374,363; exclusive of New York $433,418,190.

THE LADIES.

The pleasant effect and safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

SECRETARY ALGER AND GEN. SHAFTER

Had a Long Conference at Camp Meade. The Controversy with Miles—Troops Reviewed—Talk of Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, PA., September 9.—Secretary of War Alger and General Shafter were at Camp Meade to-day. They witnessed a review of the troops and made a hurried tour of the camp. General Alger resumed his journey at noon to Detroit and General Shafter went to Washington. They were closeted together an hour this morning in the secretary's private car, which was run on to a siding at Camp Meade station. While General Graham was arranging for the review, General Alger and General Shafter had another conference lasting thirty minutes. What passed between them neither would say, except that it was a private affair. General Shafter said the secretary was a very dear friend, and that they had been in the civil war together as colonels. He is at work on his report of the Santiago campaign and expects to complete it to-morrow.

Speaking of the controversy with General Miles he said: "It is all poppy-cock. There is no friction between General Miles and myself; at least there was not when he left Santiago. Our relations have always been pleasant, and I do not understand the meaning of all this talk. The general may have been talking, but I believe that much is due to antagonistic newspapers whose motives are certainly not patriotic."

Generals Alger and Shafter were driven to General Graham's headquarters in an open carriage. After being received by General Graham and his staff, the Secretary was asked if he would like a review. He said he would, and the entire corps of twenty thousand troops was massed in the great fields and marched before General Graham and staff and his distinguished guests. It was an inspiring sight, and Secretary Alger and General Shafter were very much pleased. Both said they were delighted with the camp and the superb arrangements. Secretary Alger complimented Chief Surgeon Girard on the sanitary condition of the camp and gave directions to extend the water system to the general and regimental hospitals. He said it was too early to determine whether this would be made a permanent barracks.

General Alger will spend a week at his home in Detroit, after which he will make a tour of all the camps, beginning at Cincinnati and going to Lexington, Knoxville, Chattanooga and as far south as Jacksonville. He will also visit the hospitals to see if the sick and injured are properly cared for.

When asked what he had to say about the criticism of the War Department the Secretary replied that the people have no idea of the great task of equipping and sending an army across the water. "The War Department," he added, "asks no favors; all it wants and expects is fair treatment."

General Shafter expects to meet General Miles to-morrow in Washington. He said the Santiago campaign was one of the most successful in history. His army was in a position where he could not retreat and it was necessary to force the fighting. Many chances were taken which would not have been taken in the face of any other army than that of Spain.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Schofield and Gordon Tendered Places on the Investigating Commission.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 9.—President McKinley has tendered places on the proposed commission to investigate the War Department, in relation to the conduct of the Hispano-American war, to Major General Schofield, former commanding general of the army, and to ex Senator John B. Gordon, of Georgia. Just what the commissioners' duties will be has not been definitely determined, but it can be stated that one reason for its creation will be to visit and report upon the conditions in the various army camps and to satisfy the anxious relatives of soldiers that the care that is being taken of them is the best that can be afforded, and if not, to ascertain what should be done and report to the War Department.

COLORADO'S CONVENTIONS.

Probabilities of Fusion of Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COL., September 9.—The probabilities to-night seem to point to a fusion of Democrats, Populists and the Teller branch of the Silver Republicans. At 8 o'clock this evening the conventions met and the several fusion committees reported that satisfactory progress was being made toward a tripartite fusion, and that they hoped to be able to report at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Newport House, at Newport, R. I., one of the largest and best known hotels on the Atlantic coast, was burned to the ground yesterday. It was valued at $100,000.

The physicians in attendance stated last evening that Mr. Bayard still seemed to be sinking gradually although there was but little noticeable change.

Lieutenant Guy Morgan, of the Twenty-second Kansas, tried by general court martial on a charge of desecrating the graves of Confederate soldiers in the South, has been acquitted.

The City Club of New York, composed of independents, gave out a statement last night outlining a full State ticket, at the head of which is placed the name of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt for Governor.

The condition of Miss Winnie Davis was not so comfortable last night. Her case is now considered critical, and as she is unable to retain nourishment continued weakness is a deplorable factor. A second consultation of physicians is expected.

General Cassius M. Clay the sage of White Hall, has been granted a divorce from his girl wife, Dora Richardson Clay, by Judge Scott, of the Madison county circuit court. The decree restores the defendant to her maiden name, Dora Richardson.

The Cuban American league has forwarded a letter to President McKinley urging that the United States government advance money with which to pay the Cuban soldiers. The money to be repaid by Cuba as soon as she has a government duly organized.

The Turkish legation at Washington issues the following statement: "The entrance into Palestine is formally prohibited to foreign Israelites and consequently the Imperial Ottoman authorities have received orders to prevent the landing of immigrant Jews in that province."

Do You Know

That We Have the Largest and Best Assortment of

HARDWARE

In the State, and Compete with Any Market in Prices?

ARE YOU AWARE

That we have the BEST EQUIPPED TIN SHOP in the City, and Make a Specialty of ROOFING and Repairing of Roofs?

Our Plumbing and Gas Fitting Establishment

Is Complete, and Nothing but First Class Workmen Employed.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

se 8 tf

The Sneed Company,

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

We are opening our Fall stock, direct from the best factories in the United States. Before house cleaning, call and we will show you

HOW CHEAP we can sell you a new stylish piece for your Bed-room, Dining-room or Parlor.

A FEW OF THOSE DIXIE MOSQUITO NETS LEFT.

To our friends and patrons in the country and adjoining towns we respectfully invite you, write us or call on us when in need of anything in our line. WE CANNOT and WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

THE SNEED COMPANY,

se 7 tf Corner Second and Market Streets.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

School Supplies,

School Furniture.

LARGEST STOCK. LOWEST PRICES.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

BUTTONS For "White Government Clubs" Wholesale and Retail.

se 4 tf

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 8; Baltimore, 5.
Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 6; Chicago, 4.
Washington—Washington, 5; Philadelphia, 8.
Boston—Boston, 3; New York, 0.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—Three or four good Book Compositors can get employment with Nash Bros. Printers, Goldsboro, N. C. se 9 4t

Photographs $1.00 per dozen, Cabinet size, smaller 50 cents. You can get them here the year round. They are good for the money. Those high grade Carbonets applies to your refinement. Frames and Easels to suit. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. sep 7 tf

For Rent—Pleasant home on Front street, between Nun and Church. W. I. Gore. se 7 1w

Nineteen Years experience repairing all kinds of Sewing Machines. Ladies, now is the time to have them put in good order for the Fall sewing. Drop me a postal card or let me know at 105 Dock street. I will call at your houses to see about them. J. B. Farrar. se 7 1w

To Country Merchants and farmers who sell Country Produce. Try M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street, for best prices, quick sales and prompt returns. August 27, 1898. au 28 tf

R. V. Leonard & Bro., Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nos. 2 and 3 South Water street. We solicit your consignments. Prompt sales and returns guaranteed. R. V. Leonard & Bro. au 25 tf

Finest Apples and Peaches. Also, Irish Potatoes and North Carolina Hams in abundance. See me before buying. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. au 23 tf

For Rent—Store on Front, between Market and Dock. Store No. 11 Market street. Store on South Water, between Market and Dock. Store on North Water, between Princess and Chesnut. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 tf

For Rent—Dwellings and Stores. Special attention given to rent collections. Taxes, Insurance and repairs attended to without extra charge. Commission on collections reasonable. Andrew Smith, real estate agent. au 21 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 113 Second street. Phone 288 sep 21 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

Eggs, Chickens, Peaches and Apples, Irish Potatoes, &c., at H. R. Moore's, the wide awake Produce Commission Merchants, 125 Princess street. au 17 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 314 Campbell street au 14 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. R. Register, 107 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. Jy 26 tf

RICE?

If you want to see something Real Handsome,

we invite you to our store to look at some

New Crop Southern Rice.

The price is 15c quart, but when you get it, you have the satisfaction of knowing that you have the best there is.

We have just received a small choice lot of

N. C. HAMS, which we offer at 12 1-2c per Pound.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

R. F. KING, MANAGER.

'Phone 237. Fourth Street Bridge.

au 26 tf

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

119 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 8 1m R. R. Love & Bro.

WE HAVE

Not Made Peace.

On the contrary we are still waging

A Bitter Warfare

against high prices on

Hardware and House Furnishings.

* * Come what will, the fight is going to be kept up as long as we stay in the business, and this means that the PLACE TO BUY anything in the

HARDWARE LINE

at Rock Bottom Prices is at

J. W. Murchison's,

an 16 tf ORTON BUILDING.

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

ja 12 tf

R. P. Oats.

800 Bushels R. P. Oats.
400 Bushels Feed Oats.
100 Boxes Soap.
125 Boxes M. Lye.
150 Ounces Quinine.
200 Boxes Tobacco.
110 Boxes Smoking Tobacco.
25 Barrels Rice.
50 Bags Wheat Bran.
90 Boxes A. & H. Soda.
25 Boxes G. M. Soda.

Write for Latest Price List.

W. B. Cooper,

Wholesale Grocer.

au 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FOR RENT.

The Store on Market Street

now occupied by Mr. J. Dingelhoef as a Jewelry Store.

Possession October 1st Next.

Apply to

D. L. Gore,

No. 123, 122 and 124 North Water St

se 3 tf

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

Schedule in Effect September 1, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 4.50 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.20 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.20 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid. GEO. R. FRENCH, President.

R. O. GRANT Superintendent. se 1 tf